The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXVIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1915. NO. 50

1,100 DEER KILLED IN STATE.

Report of State Forestry Department Shows that 75 Per Cent. Were Taken off State Reserves.

From reports submitted by forty-two of its fifty-one foresters, in charge of forty State Forests, comprising 800,000 acres of a total of 1,009,000 acres of forest reserves, the Department of Forestry has compiled a statement of camps and campers on State Forests during 1915, and game killed on State land during the past hunting season. The statement shows that 783 deer and 75 bear were killed by 4,174 hunters camping on State Forests, and 12,600 hunters not camping, but hunting from home.

The total number of deer killed in the entire State in 1914 was estimated at only 1,000. Such a large percentage of the total killed being made on State land is accounted for by the fact that forest fires are not allowed to burn unmolested on State land, but are extinguished as promptly as possible. The feeding grounds of the deer are kept in better condition than on private land, which cannot be so well protected because of the small appropriations for fire fighting.

The total number of campers and non-campers hunting on the State Forests this season was 20,000. The total number of temporary campers during the year, not including hunting season, was 5,000. In addition to these, 65,000 persons used the Forests as outing grounds without camping, and 300 permanent camp sites are leased to about 2,000 people. Thus the total number who have gone to the Forests for recreation during 1915 is over 90,000. The total number of camp sites is 1,035.

An effort was made to secure an estimate of the number of people who have visited the Forests since the date of their purchase by the Department, but owing to incomplete records kept when the field force was insufficient to handle the work, it was possible to get data only for the past four years. In that period over 225,000 spent from a day to a month on the Forests. Among them are numbered Boy Scouts, Camp Fire Girls, churches and Sunday schools, civic clubs, conventions of foresters and forestry associations, public school children, magazine and newspaper writers, botanists, zoologists, entomologists, teachers in search of classroom material, hunting clubs, fishing clubs and individuals and families suffering from tubercular trouble.

The foresters report that the majority of the hunters are well pleased with the change of season from November to December.

Forester Charles R. Meek gave to this office the official report of deer and bear killed in his bailiwick in the Coburn district. Twenty-six deer and four bears were slain on state land. Mr. Meek states that no does were killed in this section as far as is known. One man was arrested by the game warden for hunting inside the game preserve. Hunters started one fire near the game preserve which was easily extinguished.

In the region lying between the Bear Meadows and the Millheim pike, over which Forester W. E. Montgomery has charge, twenty-six bucks were killed, which is two short of last year's record. This year's kill was more evenly distributed among the various parties. No bears have been killed in this section since 1913. Because of the fact that no previous official account of the deer slain in this section was made the following report of Forester Montgomery is given:

Party	Camp	Deer
Sweetwood, Georges Valley	Summit	2
Decker	Decker Valley	2
Schuylkill Haven	Jonas Lingle's	1
Penn Hall	Ripka's	1
Foust, Yeagertown	The Narrows	4
Regulars, Potters Mills	Near Garrity's	3
Bradford, Centre Hall	Near Geary's	2
Colyer	Geary's	4
Palmyra	Vendrick's	1
Shuey, Bellefonte	Treaster Kettle	3
Schuylkill Co.	Nevel's	1
Horner, Pleasant Gap	Runkle's	1
Jas. Confer, Georges Valley (day hunter)		1
Total		26

No Paper Next Week.

The Christmas season will be enjoyed by the editors and Reporter force by laying aside the arduous duties of newspaper printing for an issue, and consequently no paper will appear next week. Fifty issues in 1915 are completed with this number. The office will be open, however, everyday for the transaction of any business.

That every reader of this paper may have the merriest Christmas and an abundance of prosperity and good cheer and health during the coming New Year, is our wish.

Big Sum Paid Out in Bounties.

Over $70,000 has been paid out to various counties of the state in game bounties in the last few weeks, that sum having been put to the credit of counties at the state treasury. Thanks to the energy of the state game authorities, the frauds have been largely checked.

A Tribute.

The following tribute to the late Rev. W. H. Schuyler, Ph. D., was delivery by Rev. Samuel Barber, of Belleville, friend, pupil and co-presbyter, and who undoubtedly was as intimately acquainted with the late Presbyterian minister as anyone:

It is difficult to give the proper estimate of a life like this. Some times the worth of a man is estimated by his earning capacity, or his financial resources or his political influence; some times by the number of persons he adds to the church; but the true worth of a man is his character. The glory of Jesus Christ was his character. The glory of Mr. Schuyler was his character. In this his life stands out preeminently. We would not exalt any phase of his character but rather say he was a complete man—complete in Jesus Christ.

A high estimate of a life is to say he was a scholar, a christian, a gentleman. Prof. W. H. Schuyler was a scholar of high attainments and had few equals as an instructor. Those whom he prepared for college had the advantage of thoroughness and efficiency. He was a perfect gentleman. He was always the same from childhood to old age, in sorrow or in joy, in adversity or in prosperity, when praised or when criticised. In public and in private, in the home and on the road, he showed the marks of a true gentleman. He was a christian after the type of his Lord and Master. Humble in the extreme, forgetting self, helping others and exalting Christ. Thus his character was impressed upon his students and parishioners as he lifted them up to a higher plane of living. He so lived and taught the life of Christ that his many friends can say of him, as was said of John the Baptist's relation to Christ: John did no miracle, but all John said of this man is true.

Dr. Schuyler was prominent in Presbytery, spending his whole ministerial life of twenty-eight years in Huntingdon Presbytery.

He held many positions from moderator down and was twice sent to the General Assembly. He was looked upon as an authority on ecclesiastical law. His special interest was the Country church program, on which subject he wrote many articles and gave talks.

"Dear friend, farewell! Try going has made heaven near. Full many a vase of comely phrase I keep among my treasures as witness to the cunning of thy hands. Thy loving words shall live in memory's garden like sweet for-get-me-nots: And I will hold the broken thread of our high discourse until we meet again."

SAMUEL BARBER,
Friend, pupil and co-presbyter.

RECORD CROPS.

Let us not forget in considering our sources of national wealth that the farms of our country produced crops last summer valued at over five and a half billion dollars. The expenses of the nations at war are so enormous that they have got us somewhat in the habit of thinking of money in prodigious figures. Even so, the billions of nature's bounty from the farms sounds and reads imposing.

Not only are the figures representing the bushels and dollars involved stupendous, but the acreage upon which these enormous crops were grown takes us into vast realms of speculation. When we consider that the nearly five hundred thousand square miles into which this acreage is reduceable is a territory equal to the whole of Germany, France, Belgium, Holland, Denmark and Switzerland, we begin to get some hazy idea of the magnitude of that regal empire which our country really is.

Five billion dollars is a lot of money. While it is estimated that the cost of the present war to all the nations involved, making no account of the paralysis to industry resulting, is no less than thirty billion dollars a year, it is probable that if either side in the struggle had a cash reserve on hand, in addition to its present assets, of five billion dollars, it could be counted a certain victor.

And even in our own country, what is not possible with such a sum. If they had it in their hands, and could eliminate most of graft, the jingoes could build a navy and equip an army almost equal to their warlike desires. In the educational line the possibilities of such a sum are almost past conception.

But laying aside all idle speculation, we should be profoundly grateful for this bounty which helps so materially in placing us in contrast with a large part of the world today. And while grateful, we should not forget the great need that exists in the less favored lands.

Kessler's Department Store at Millheim has reduced prices for the holiday trade to half of real value. Read the ad. adv.

MANY CHURCHES PREPARING CHRISTMAS PROGRAMS

THE weeks of preparation which have been given to the children in various Sunday schools throughout the valley with the view of celebrating the coming Christmas season in song and recitation, have about come to a close and commencing to-night, (Thursday), Christmas entertainments will be held every evening until Sunday night. Beautiful programs will be rendered in the following churches in Penns and Brush Valleys:

CENTRE HALL

Trinity Reformed	Sunday Evening, Dec. 26
St. Luke's Ev. Lutheran	Christmas Evening

TUSSEYVILLE

Emmanuel's	Christmas Evening

LEMONT

United Evangelical	Christmas Evening

SPRUCETOWN

Methodist	Christmas Evening

MILLHEIM

United Evangelical	Christmas Eve
Lutheran	Christmas Evening
Reformed	Sunday Morning

AARONSBURG

Reformed	Thursday Evening, Dec. 23
Lutheran	Christmas Eve

COBURN

Reformed	Christmas Eve

PENN HALL

Salem Reformed	Christmas Evening

REBERSBURG

Reformed	Christmas Eve

BOALSBURG

St. John's Reformed	Sunday Evening, Dec. 26
Lutheran	Christmas Eve

PINE HALL

Reformed	Christmas Eve
Lutheran	Christmas Evening

PINE GROVE MILLS

Presbyterian	Christmas Evening

"Ell-Dennis."

These two words, common in the vernacular of the street, formed the basis for one of the most thought-inspiring and eloquent lectures ever heard in Centre Hall. Dr. Andrew Johnson, the third number on the Centre Hall Lectures Course, held his audience for more than two hours in the Grange Hall, Friday night, speaking on life, its problems, its ideals, its duties.

The man whose life is self-centered, thinking only of the wealth which he can gather to himself at the expense of every other citizen in his community, was held up in sharp contrast to the good, broad, liberal man, whose chief delight in life was working for the betterment of his town, for the alleviation of suffering among its people. Which epitaph, said Dr. Johnson, would you prefer written on your tombstone, the one which would be fitting to the former's life or to the latter's? Success in life may be spelled with one word, said Dr. Johnson, and that word is OTHERS; not spelled with the cold letters of the alphabet, with the bodies of life's unfortunates who need the helping hand and the kind word.

F. P. Geary made a business trip to Bellefonte on Monday.

From the Millheim Journal.

J. W. O. Housman recently bought the home south of Main street, occupied by William Breon, from Henry Breon. Mr. Housman expects to extensively remodel the house and make it suitable for two families to live in. The home is near to Mr. Housman's planing mill and will make very convenient living quarters for him.

The timber on the Harter farm, purchased about a year ago by Warren F. Stover, of near Penn Hall, is being cut and sawed into lumber by Decker Bros. They are now sawing a bill of 100,000 feet to be used to rebuild the Bellefonte Lime Co. plant, which was recently destroyed by fire. The cutting of the timber makes an abundance of wood for the neighboring community and every day a number of cutters are in the woods getting their winter's supply. Nearly every resident of Millheim has gotten a share already or has made arrangements to get some of it.

From present indications no less than half a dozen families will be obliged to leave Millheim in the spring on account of a scarcity of houses for rent.

An active and intelligent boy who desires to learn the printing business can find employment in this office.

WEEK OF PRAYER SERVICES.

"Peace and Unity" General Theme for Week's Topics. Services Begin in Reformed Church, Sunday Evening, January 2nd, 7:30 O'clock.

THE PROGRAM

Sunday, January 2nd — Reformed Church
Sermon on Reconciliation.—Rev. D. S. Kurtz.

Monday, January 3rd — Methodist Church
Subject: Peace, International and National.—Rev. F. H. Foss.

Tuesday, January 4th — Methodist Church
Subject: Peace through Christian Service for Jews and Gentiles, Abroad and at Home. For all Missionary Societies.—Rev. R. R. Jones.

Wednesday, January 5th — Presbyterian Church
Subject: Unity in the Church Throughout the World.—Rev. W. H. Williams.

Thursday, January 6th — Presbyterian Church
Subject: Peace by Education in Schools, Colleges, and Universities.—Rev. F. H. Foss.

Friday, January 7th — Evangelical Church
Subject: The Family and Youth; Spiritual Training.—Rev. D. S. Kurtz.

Saturday, January 8th — Evangelical Church
Subject: Peace Through Brotherhood; Reform and Social Service. To promote Health, Labor Conditions, Purity and Temperance.—Rev. R. R. Jones.

Sunday, January 9th — Lutheran Church
Sermon: The Prince of Peace in Victory and Glory.—Rev. W. H. Williams.

Services throughout the week at 7:30 o'clock.

It is designed to devote each meeting to prayer, praise, and a sermon

A cordial invitation is extended to everyone to attend these services.

Music by a union choir. Books used, Great Revival Hymns, No. 2.

Pray daily for the success of the meeting and for God's blessing upon the community.

An offering will be taken each evening to defray expenses and for the benefit of the American Bible Society.

GOOD CROPS IN OHIO.

So Writes M. J. Barger from Tiffin—Wheat and Oats Spoiled in Field Because of Wet Spell, He Says.

Editor Reporter:

Enclosed you will find draft for $1.50 for subscription for 1916.

We have had a very wet summer but a very pleasant autumn, with very little rain. The first snow is falling as I write this.

Crops were good the past season in this section but much of the wheat and oats spoiled in the fields on account of the wet weather, but still there is plenty for all.

I am in the employ of the Dickelman Manufacturing and Lumber Co., in the capacity of foreman of their planing mill and carpenter department. They manufacture and deal in all kinds of building material. Their business has increased to such an extent the past season that they had to enlarge their plant; they have completed a new fire-proof shed, 70x150 feet, and have the foundation in for an addition to their planing mill, 40x60 feet.

Perhaps a description of Tiffin would be interesting to some of the Reporter readers. Tiffin is a city of about 15,000 population, favorably situated in the heart of a district of country healthful in climate, rich in agricultural and mineral resources, and picturesque in landscape. Through its center runs the winding Sandusky river, crossed within the city limits by three modern and magnificent bridges. It is forty-three miles distant from Toledo, ninety miles from Columbus, and ninety-two miles from Cleveland. It has three steam railroads—the B. & O., the Pennsylvania, and the Big Four—and one interurban electric line, giving it hourly service with the city of Hostoris. The city covers an area of five square miles. These five square miles of the city's territory are threaded with over sixty streets, more than thirty-five miles of which are paved with brick and macadam. Tiffin is a business city; every class of commercial industry is represented. There are many factories, a number of which employ large forces of workmen. Fourteen splendid churches lift their spires heavenward; there are five commodious public school buildings, besides the catholic parochial schools and Heidleberg University, with over six hundred students.

In the way of municipal advantages the city is efficiently equipped. It has one of the most efficient fire departments in the state; it has an adequate supply of pure fresh water, and a host of conveniences I might mention, but I will quit right here by saying that Tiffin is a good place in which to live.

Wishing the Reporter and all our friends a Merry Christmas and happy New Year, I am very truly,

M. J. BARGER.

Tiffin, Ohio, Dec. 13, 1915.

The Advantage of Pure Bred Poultry.

The breed of poultry which a farmer should keep will depend upon several conditions. Pure-bred stock of some standard variety is most desirable for several reasons.

F. D. Crooke, of the poultry department of the Pennsylvania State College, outlines some of the essentials to be kept in mind in selecting poultry.

Pure-bred stock is more uniform in color, therefore it makes a flock more attractive. The farmer is naturally more interested in such a flock than he would be in mongrel birds. Pure-bred stock costs very little more than mongrel stock.

A few birds may be purchased the first year and the flock increased by hatching the eggs produced by the original hens. The cost of feeding and caring for pure-bred chickens is no more than for mongrels. A scrub eats as much as a pure-bred and the returns from the former are less. Pure-bred stock of the egg type lay better than mongrels and the eggs are more uniform in size, color and quality, thus commanding the best prices.

The dual-purpose type of hen is ordinarily considered best for the farmer, insuring a good quality of meat and a good supply of winter eggs. The market trade demands birds which are uniformly fleshed and of even size and color. The most uniform results in this particular are difficult to obtain with a mixed flock.

Pure-bred stock may be sold for breeding purposes at much better prices than scrub stock.

Warne-Waite.

The marriage of Miss Mary Pearl Waite to Harold Alfred Warne was solemnized on Thursday of last week, at Pittsburgh, according to announcements issued by the bride's father, Samuel W. Waite, of Pleasant Gap. Miss Waite is a former school teacher in Pleasant Gap. The newly married couple will be at home at Pleasant Gap after the first of the new year.

The Centre Reporter $1.50 a year.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Mrs. C. G. Barnes is spending a few weeks with her daughter, Miss Estella Barner, in New York City.

Boxes of fine writing paper make excellent and inexpensive Christmas presents. A new line at the Reporter office.

The last will and testament of Miss Belle Ritz, of Lewistown, gives $3,000 for the maintenance of the Lewistown hospital.

Boyd Magee, who is employed by the National Limestone Company, near Burnham, spent a few days with friends in town, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James S. Stahl will spend the Christmas season in Altoona, dividing the time between their two sons, Claude K., and C. Asher Stahl.

Mrs. Mary Shoop will close her house to-morrow and leave for Altoona where she will spend the winter months with Mrs. John Wehrley, at 1502 Eighteenth street.

A train of thirteen coaches and two engines passed over the local branch railroad Friday evening, conveying State College students to their homes for the Christmas vacation.

If your wish to use a Christmas seal or Red Cross stamp on letters or parcel post packages, they should be affixed on the back and not on the addressed side of the letter or package.

Rev. L. N. Fleck, of East Altoona, who was recently called to the Pine Grove Mills Lutheran church, will take up the work of his new pastorate on the first Sunday of January.

Prof. George P. Bible, the lecturer, has moved his family to Bellefonte and expects to make his future residence there. He will begin very soon to erect a dwelling house on Curtin street.

Mrs. William Magee and son Huyett, of Wenonah, New Jersey, are spending the Christmas season at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Huyett. Mr. Magee is expected to join his family in a few days.

The Philipsburg Daily Journal last week installed a new International typesetting machine in their office and consequently a better daily paper will be possible. The Daily Journal is a first-class sheet and is a credit to Philipsburg.

Misses Isabell Rowe and Delinda Potter, two of Centre Hall's young ladies who are teaching school at distant points, are expected home this week to spend the Yule-tide at their respective homes. The former is teaching at South Bethlehem and the latter at Cattaraugus, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph C. Boozer and little daughter of Chicago are spending the Yule-tide at the home of the former's father, D. A. Boozer. Mr. Boozer is making use of his electrical knowledge by wiring his father's home so that all will be in readiness when the electric fluid is turned on.

A number of young people, mostly students in the higher institutions of learning, are home for the Christmas vacation. Among the number are George C. Boozer from Mercersburg Academy; James Lingle, Selinsgrove; William and George Swartz, and sister, Miss Bernice, Selinsgrove, who are at their home in Tusseyville; Henry Mitterling, Penn State; Miss Ruth Smith, Bloomsburg State Normal; William Reish, Penn State, at his home near Potters Mills; Miss Sarah Neff, Penn State.

Sunday a week ago the United Evangelical church at Coburn was re-dedicated. The church was encased with brick last summer and neatly painted on the outside. New pews and new pulpit furniture was installed, together with a modern heating and lighting plant. The total cost of improvements amounted to $2,000, and the entire debt was wiped out on Sunday at the re-opening services. Bishop W. M. Stanford, of Harrisburg, and Rev. W. J. Dice, of Bloomsburg, a former pastor, had charge of the re-opening services.

While all the licensed deer hunters of Pine Grove Mills were scouring the Seven Mountains last Wednesday, for their last shots of the season, five deer, two bucks and three does, came into the village and spent most of the day feeding in the fields and drinking from the town reservoir. Every one of the 300 villagers went to see the animals, but not one had a license to shoot the game. Messengers were rushed to find R. I. Watt, deputy game warden, and the only person in Pine Grove Mills authorized to issue licenses, but Watt, too, was hunting deer seven miles away. The deer were surrounded until nightfall, with the hope that some legalized gunner would come home and shoot the bucks. None came and the deer went back into the hills, safe for another year.

THE EUROPEAN WAR A YEAR AGO THIS WEEK

Dec. 20, 1914.

Von Hindenburg advanced further toward Warsaw.

Russians crossed the Bzura burning the bridges.

Serbians and Montenegrins again invaded Bosnia.

Turks made gains near Lake Urumiah.

Allied fleets bombarded interior forts of the Dardanelles.

Russians drove Turks toward Van.

Belgian provinces agreed to pay tax to Germany.

Dec. 21, 1914.

Allies extended offensive operations in west, gaining in center.

Russians won over Turks in Armenia, capturing equipment.

Allied aviators dropped bombs in Brussels and made night attack near Ostend.

Chile protested against violations of her neutrality by German navy.

Germans driven across border of North Poland.

Dec. 22, 1914.

Germans claimed to have stopped allies in west.

Germans accused of shelling hospital in Ypres.

Russian army threatened railway to Thorn and Germans reformed to protect it.

Von Hindenburg's left threatened by new invasion of Germany.

Germans crossed branches of Bzura and Rawka rivers.

Austrians defeated in the Carpathians.

Arabs menaced Christians in Hodeida and French consul was seized.

Allied fleets bombarded German positions on Belgian coast.

French destroyer shelled Turks.

Allied fleets shelled Kilid Bahr.

Many Austrian soldiers killed in troop train accident.

Dec. 23, 1914.

Allies made slight gains in west.

Austrians defeated in southern Galicia.

Portuguese retreated before the Germans in Angola, Africa.

Turkish army left Damascus and marched on Suez canal.

Russian destroyers in Black sea bombarded Turkish villages.

King of Belgians sent message of thanks to Americans.

Dec. 24, 1914.

British using new howitzers in west: French artillery demolishes German trenches.

French cruiser damaged by Austrian torpedo.

French submarine sunk by Austrian shore batteries.

German aviator dropped bomb in Dover.

Germany denied French charge of hiring neutral ships to lay mines in Mediterranean.

Dec. 25, 1914.

Unofficial Christmas along much of the western front, the allies and Germans in some instances exchanging gifts and visits.

French shelled the outer forts of Metz.

Civilians of East Prussia began movement toward interior of province.

Russo-Turkish operations were stopped by intense cold.

Two German aviators flew up the Thames.

Dec. 26, 1914.

British made naval and air attack on German fleet without important results.

Zeppelin dropped bombs in Nancy. German aeroplanes made raid in Russian Poland and French aviators attacked Metz.

Fighting in Flanders was halted by dense fog.

Russians made gains in the south.

French attacked Austrian naval base at Pola in the Adriatic.

Germany notified neutral nations their consuls in Belgium would not be recognized further.

Unqualifiedly False.

"Skinner boasts that he never lets anybody get ahead of him—that he takes nobody's dust." "Skinner's a falsifier; he takes everybody's dust he can lay his hands on."—Boston Transcript.

Driven to Desperation.

"I am so tired of being conventional and customary and correct," stated H. H. Harsh, "that one of these days I shall stop right in front of a church and in a firm voice ejaculate 'Drat!' "—Kansas City Star.

His Opinion of Brown.

Smart Young Man—"What do you think of Brown?" Indignant Old Gentleman—"Brown, sir! He is one of those people that pat you on the back before your face, and hit you in the eye behind your back!"—Tit-Bits.

True Happiness.

To watch the corn grow and the blossom set, to draw hard breath over plowshare and spade, to read, to think, to love, to hope, to pray—these are the things to make man happy.—Ruskin.

MADERO KILLED BY HIS OWN FRIENDS

De La Barra Tells Story After Long Silence.

DEFENDS HUERTA CABINET

Got First News Of Tragedy When Huerta Told Him They Had Been Slain By Bandits Who Attempted To Free Them.

Paris. — Francisco de la Barra, former provisional president of Mexico, and minister of foreign affairs at the time of the death of President Madero and Vice-President Pino Suarez, told the circumstances attending that tragic event—the first statement he had made on this or any other Mexican subject during the long period of turbulence and disorder in that country.

Senor de la Barra came here as Mexican ambassador after retiring from the provisional presidency and later in the shift of administration in Mexico he gave up his diplomatic position and devoted his attention to private affairs.

"Personally I would have preferred to have continued silent," said Senor de la Barra, "and to have allowed to pass the calumnious attacks which have appeared in some books and papers, believing that they have fallen by their own weight. On the other hand, not wishing a legend put in circulation for obvious political reasons, to take form as a reality, and also because I do not wish my silence to be misinterpreted, I consider that it is my duty to make this declaration:

His Story Of Tragedy.

"I declare in the most solemn and precise manner that the death of Mr. Madero and Pino Suarez was not brought about as a result of a council of the cabinet and that the first information I had of this tragic occurrence without any antecedent circumstance permitting me to foresee such an event was given to me by General Huerta at midnight on Saturday, February 22, 1913.

"On Friday, February 21, at noon, at a cabinet council, I interrogated the Minister of Justice and the Minister of War, asking if they had any official knowledge of the detention of Mr. Madero and Pino Suarez. Their replies were negative and I thereupon urged the strict necessity of conforming with the most scrupulous regard to the requirements of the law. I added that in case the examination of the documents, to be submitted to the Secretary of Justice, led that official to the conclusion there was legal justification for a detention, then these papers should be sent to the competent authorities for action. Some of the cabinet ministers spoke in similar terms and it was finally unanimously agreed that the Minister of Justice, after receiving the documents, should proceed in accordance with the law.

Slain By "Friends."

"Following this, General Huerta told us that, owing to the lack of security in the apartments at the National Palace, occupied by Mr. Madero and Pino Suarez, he was going to give orders for their removal from the palace to the penitentiary, where there would be additional security. After a renewed ratification of the decision of the cabinet, in regard to acting strictly within the law, we finished this meeting at 1 o'clock on Friday afternoon. I have in my hands several letters from the other cabinet ministers giving confirmation to the foregoing statements.

"I did not return to the National Palace until midnight, Saturday, February 22, when I was called there by telephone from a member of General Huerta's staff, who said he desired to inform me and the other ministers that a very grave event had occurred. General Huerta then told me that Mr. Madero and Pino Suarez had been killed in a fight while they were being removed to the penitentiary. He stated that as the automobile bearing them and the escort were proceeding toward the penitentiary, two armed bandits opened fire with the apparent purpose of freeing Madero and Pino Suarez, and that in the affray which ensued, both had been killed, also two other men and a fifth man who was wounded and taken prisoner.

WANTS LABOR RECOGNIZED.

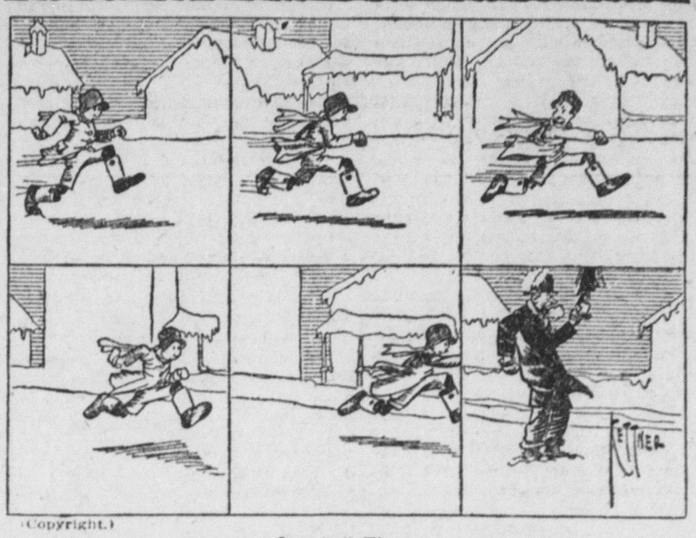
Gompers Asks President For Place On Defense Commission.

Washington. — Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, told President Wilson that organized labor was ready to give its support to the defense of the nation and should be allowed a voice in making preparations.

Mr. Gompers asked the President to appoint a representative of labor to the commission he may name to confer with army and navy officers on the mobilization of the nation's resources. Since the war started, Mr. Gompers said, belligerent nations had included representatives of labor in every important activity.

The President said he would consider the suggestion carefully.

TODAY'S MOVIE



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Snowball Time.

NEW PROGRAM FOR COAST DEFENSE

Plans As Outlined By The War Department.

16-INCH GUNS IN ALL FORTS

Scheme Also Calls For Semi-Mobile Howitzers, Anti-Aircraft Guns and Big Ammunition Supply—Fort at Cape Henry.

Washington.—A new program for the improvement of coast defenses and the mobile artillery of the United States to their maximum military efficiency at a cost of $100,000,000 has been completed by the War Department.

The plan was developed after a thorough survey of the present defenses. The program has been laid before the Appropriations Committee of the House for use in the preparation of the fortifications appropriation bill. The program calls for as its chief feature:

The exclusive use of the 16-inch guns in all new coast defenses, development of a semi-mobile 16-inch Howitzer to be transported by railroad or by motor tractors, and to be the greatest arm of modern times, and the accumulation of reserve ammunition that will allow each gun in the coast defenses as many rounds as may be fired during the life of the gun.

For Mounting 12-inch Guns.

The immediate mounting of sixty-four 12-inch guns, now held as a reserve, on new carriages that will give them an increased range that will allow them to stand off any modern battleship has been decided on. These guns are to be mounted at once to guard first-class cities while the 16-inch gun plan is being carried out.

The plan contemplates an expenditure of more than $96,000,000 over a period of four or five years. Of this amount about $71,000,000 would be spent on defenses in the United States proper, $11,000,000 on defenses in the insular possessions and nearly $14,000,000 on defenses for the Panama Canal.

A material factor in the increased money demand is the new plan to build up an ammunition reserve. Heretofore the coast defenses have been provided with ammunition on the theoretical basis of two hours continuous firing, and about $46,000,000 of the total expenditures on the program will go to furnishing the guns all the ammunition they can shoot. This increase is explained by the increased volume of fire at the command of modern warships.

The War Department is now at work developing three new artillery arms which are embraced in the new plan. They are the semi-mobile 16 inch howitzers and approximately 11-inch howitzers for use of the mobile artillery and the anti-aircraft guns.

The 16-inch howitzers are designed to be shipped by railroad or by motor truck and to be fired from specially built emplacements or from special railroad cars. Where railroad lines run along the sea coast it is planned to run from the main track a series of curved spurs from which the big guns could fire at any seaward angle in line with the track. In this the tremendous recoil of the big guns could be taken up not only by recoil springs, but by allowing the car to roll backward under the force of the explosion. The War Department is now experimenting along these lines.

A new fortification is planned at Cape Henry to guard the entrance to Chesapeake Bay and it will be started at once, according to the program. It will mount four 16-inch guns and eight 16-inch mortars.

BURNED TO DEATH IN AIR.

Captain Smith's Aeroplane Suddenly Burst Into Flames.

London. — Captain Smith of the Royal Flying Corps was burned to death while flying an aeroplane at Farnborough. When in the air the aeroplane suddenly burst into flames. The pilot tried to reach the ground, but succumbed just before landing.

FARM RECORDS ARE BROKEN

Yield Last Year in U. S. Estimated at $9,873,000,000.

MORE EXPECTED THIS YEAR

Secretary Of Agriculture Houston Recommends Legislation To Improve Handling and Storage Conditions.

Washington. — Secretary Houston's annual report places an estimate of $9,873,000,000 on the value of American farm crops and animal products for last year, a valuation without precedent. This, however, probably will be eclipsed by the present year's showing.

This valuation is an increase of about $83,000,000 over the value of 1913, hitherto the highest ever recorded. The increase occurred in the face of a decline in cotton from 12.5 cents a pound for the 1913 crop to an average of 7.3 cents for 1914. The total value of the 1913 cotton crop, estimated at $846,000,000, was $283,000,000 more than the 1914 crop, although the latter was 14 per cent. greater in quantity.

"The total agricultural exports in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1915, practically the first year of the war," says the report, "were $1,470,000,000, which is an increase of $356,000,000, or 32 per cent. over those of the preceding year and of $433,000,000, or nearly 42 per cent. over the average of the five years 1910-14."

What is needed more, perhaps, than anything else, the Secretary says, is an increase in meat animals. To that end the department has extended its activities as far as its funds would permit. Elimination of common live stock diseases, from which losses are said to be enormous, would result in a material increase of the meat supply.

"It has been conservatively estimated," the report continues, "on the basis of data for 30 years, that the annual direct losses from animal diseases are approximately $212,000,000. The indirect losses, which also are great, cannot be estimated at all. The direct loss ascribed to each disease is as follows:

"Hog cholera, $75,000,000; Texas fever and cattle ticks, $40,000,000; tuberculosis, $25,000,000; contagious abortion, $20,000,000; blackleg, $6,000,000; anthrax, $1,500,000; scabies of sheep and cattle, $4,600,000; glanders, $5,000,000; other live stock diseases, $22,000,000; parasites, $5,000,000; poultry diseases, $8,750,000."

The potash situation, the report states, continues serious. There is practically no potash available for fertilizer and indications are that the supply for that purpose will not be increased materially next year.

Recommendations for legislation made by Secretary Houston to Congress include the following:

Legislation designed to promote better handling and storage of farm products and trading on the basis of fixed grades and standards, including a permissive warehouse act, a cotton standards act, a grain grades act and provision for a market news service.

A land mortgage banking act intended to inject business methods into handling farm finance and to place farms securities upon the market in a responsible way.

Authority to grant water power permits within the national forests for fixed periods.

DU PONTS CUT BIG MELON.

Dividends Amounting To $18,000,000 Distributed.

Wilmington, Del.—Stockholders of the Du Pont Powder Company received Wednesday the 30 per cent. dividend on the new common stock of the powder company. This dividend represented a distribution of about $18,000,000, of which more than $13,000,000 was paid to residents of Wilmington and its suburbs. Bankers, merchants, clerks, laborers, stenographers and even office boys were among those who received checks.

ALLIES HAVE AN OPEN ROAD

Greece Consents to Retirement From Serbia to Saloniki.

TEUTONS' MOVE IS AWAITED

Complications Expected If They Attempt To Pursue Enemy Across Border — Snow On Gallipoli.

London.—The British and French troops have successfully carried out their retirement from Serbia across the Greek frontier, and by an arrangement with the Greek Government a clear road has been left for them to fall back on Saloniki, which is being organized as a base.

The German official report claims that "approximately two English divisions were annihilated during the retirement." Accounts from Athens and Saloniki say the retreat was carried out in an orderly manner and without heavy losses. By the destruction of railway bridges and roads and by stubborn rear-guard actions, in one of which two companies of the Inniskilling regiment sacrificed themselves to save their comrades, the Bulgarians were kept at a fairly safe distance.

The question now arises whether the Bulgarians and Austro-Germans intend to follow the British and French troops into Greece, and what action the Greek Government will take should they do so. The impression gained from dispatches emanating from Athens is that neither the Bulgarians nor the Turks, who also are reported to have arrived near the frontier, would be welcomed in Greece and that, therefore, if it has been decided to follow the Entente Allies the task will be undertaken by Austrians and Germans.

However, with the railway destroyed it may be some days before Greece is called upon to take action, and by that time the Anglo-French force should be safe in the defenses of Saloniki, and under the guns of their ships.

The remains of the Serbian army are still resisting the Austrians and Bulgarians in Albania, while the Austrians are making very slow progress in their efforts to overwhelm Montenegro, where heavy fighting continues.

Only small actions have taken place on the eastern and western fronts. On the Gallipoli Peninsula a fall of snow is impending the operations, although the Entente allied ships keep things lively for the Turks, whose attempt at an offensive last week seems to have failed.

A British official report says that the Turkish attacks at Kut-El-Amara, where British reinforcements are arriving, have been repulsed. The attacks were made from all sides, but the British position was so strong that the Turks were unable to make any impression on it.

Macedonia Free Of Allies.

Berlin. — The French and British have been entirely expelled from Macedonian territory, it is officially announced by German Army headquarters, the advancing army under General Todoroff occupying Doiran and Gievgeli.

It is declared that two British divisions were nearly wiped out during the advance.

GREECE MAKES TERMS.

Give Bulgars and Teutons Passage, Let Allies Fortify Saloniki.

Paris.—The Allies have concluded a military agreement with the Greek Government containing the following provisions:

First—The Greek troops shall temporarily withdraw to allow free passage to an invading Bulgarian or Austro-German army.

Second—The Allies are authorized to remain at Saloniki and fortify themselves there.

Third—Greece undertakes to reduce her contingent so occupying the forts and batteries at the entranec to the Gulf of Saloniki.

Greece has already begun the execution of the first proviso. A dispatch to the Temps from Saloniki states that the Government has ordered the fifth Greek Army Corps to withdraw from Saloniki.

A dispatch from Athens states that the reports that Bulgarian troops have entered Greek territory is officially denied there.

HOLDS 200 TONS OF GOLD.

New York Assay Office Has Accumulations From Europe.

New York.—Two hundred tons of gold, worth $102,000,000 and occupying the space of three cords of wood, are stored in the United States Assay office here. The gold is in 16,345 bars.

It represents the accumulations of British sovereigns and other foreign coins brought to the United States within about six weeks in an effort to maintain the financial balance between European nations and the United States.

The bars have been melted down to 916.6 fine, this being finer than the gold used in the United States mints.

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SYNOPSIS.

—12—

At a vestry meeting of the Market Square church Gail Sargent tells Rev. Smith Boyd that Market Square church is apparently a lucrative business enterprise. Allison takes Gail riding in his motor car. She finds cold disapproval in the eyes of Rev. Smith Boyd. Allison starts a campaign for consolidation and control of the entire transportation system of the world. Gail becomes popular. Allison gains control of transcontinental traffic and arranges to absorb the Vedder court tenement property of Market Square church. Gail tells Boyd that the cathedral Market Square church proposes to build will be out of profits wrung from squalor. At a meeting of the seven financial magnates of the country, Allison organizes the International Transportation company. Rev. Smith Boyd undertakes Gail's spiritual instruction and Gail unconsciously gives Allison a hint that solves the Vedder court problem for him. On an inspection trip in Allison's new subway the tunnel caves in. Gail goes back to her home in the West. Her friends lure her and Arty back to New York. In the midst of a struggle with the dregs of humanity in Vedder court Rev. Smith Boyd suddenly finds that he is a real living—and loving—man. He proposes to Gail but, on the verge of acceptance, she remembers their religious differences, and refuses.

CHAPTER XVII.

The Public Is Aroused.

Clad in her filmy cream lace gown, Gail walked slowly into her boudoir, and closed the door, and sank upon her divan. She did not stop tonight to let down her hair and change to her dainty negligee, nor to punctiliously straighten the room, nor to turn on the beautiful green light; instead, with all the electric bulbs blazing, she sat with her chin in her hand, and, with her body perfectly in repose, tried to study the whirl of her mind.

She was shaken, she knew that, shaken and stirred as she had never been before. Something in the depths of her had leaped up into life, and cried out in agony, and would not stop crying until it was satisfied.

"I need you to walk hand in hand with me about the greatest work in the world!" That was it; the greatest work in the world! And what was that work? To live and teach ritual in place of religion; to turn worship into a social observance; to use help less belief as a ladder of ambition; to reduce faith to words, and hope to a recitation, and charity to an obligation; to make pomp and ceremony a substitute for conscience, and to interpose a secretary between the human heart and God!

For just an instant Gail's eyelids dropped, her long brown lashes curved upon her cheeks, while beneath them her eyes glinted, and a smile touched the corners of her lips; then she was serious again. No, she had decided wisely.

There was a knock on the door, and Gail smiled again as she said:

"Come in."

Mrs. Helen Davies entered, tall and stately in her boudoir frills and ruffles. She sat down in front of Gail and prepared to enact the role of conscientious mother.

"Doctor Boyd proposed to you tonight," she charged, with affectionate authority.

"Yes, Aunt Helen," and Gail began to pull pins out of her hair.

A worried expression crossed the brow of Aunt Helen.

"Did you accept him?" and she fairly quivered with anxiety.

"No, Aunt Helen." Quite calmly, piling more hairpins and still more into the little tray by her side, and shaking down her rippling waves of hair.

Aunt Helen sighed a deep sigh of relief, and smiled her approval.

"Gail, dear, you have shown a degree of carefulness which I am delighted to find in you. If you handle all your affairs so sensibly, you have a brilliant future before you."

"I must be an awful worry to you, Aunt Helen," observed Gail, and walking over, she slipped her arm around Mrs. Davies' neck and kissed her and looked around for her chocolate box.

Gail's maid came in, and Mrs. Davies bade her sister's niece good night most cordially, and retired with a great load off her mind; and half an hour later the lights in Gail's pretty little suite went out.

If she lay long hours looking out at the pale stars; if, in the midst of her calm logic, she suddenly buried her face in her pillows and sobbed silently; if, toward morning, she awoke with a little cry to find her face and her hands hot, all these things were but normal and natural. It is enough to know that she came to her breakfast bright-eyed and rosy-cheeked and smiling with the pleasant greetings of the day, and picked up the papers casually, and lit upon the newest sensation of the free and entirely uncurbed metropolitan press!

The free and entirely uncurbed metropolitan press had found Vedder court and had made it the sudden focus of the public eye. Those few who were privileged to know intimately the workings of that adroit master of the public welfare, Tim Corman, could have recognized clearly his fine hand in the blaze of notoriety which obscure Vedder court had suddenly received. After having endured the contamination and contagion of the Market Square church tenements for so many years, the city had, all at once, discovered that the condition was unbearable! The free and entirely uncurbed metropolitan press had taken up, with great enthusiasm, the work of poking the finger of scorn at Vedder court. It had published photographs of the disreputable old sots of buildings, and, where they did not seem to drip enough, the artists had retouched them. It had sent budding young Poes and Dickenses down there to write up the place. It had sent the sob sisters there in shoals to interview the downtrodden, and, above all things, it had put prominently before the public eye the immense profit which Market Square church wrung from this organized misery!

Gail turned sick at heart as she read. Uncle Jim permitted four morning papers to come to the house, and the dripping details, with many variations, were in all of them. She glanced over toward the rectory and the dignified old church standing beyond it, with mingled indignation and humiliation. A sort of ignominy seemed to have descended up it, like a man whose features seem coarsened from the instant he is doomed to wear prison stripes; and the fact which she particularly resented was that a portion of the disgrace of Market Square church seemed to have descended upon her. She could not make out why this should be; but it was. Aunt Grace Sargent, bustling about to see that Gail was supplied with more kinds of delicacies than she could possibly sample, saw that unmistakable look of distress on Gail's face, and went straight up to her sister Helen, the creases of worry deep in her brow.

Mrs. Helen Davies was having her coffee in bed, and she continued that absorbing ceremony while she considered her sister's news.

"I did not think that Gail was so deeply affected by the occurrences of last night," she mused; "but of course

"Doctor Boyd Proposed to You Tonight," She Charged.

she could not sleep, and she's full of sympathy this morning, and afraid that maybe she made a mistake, and feels perfectly wretched."

Grace Sargent sat right down.

"Did the rector propose?" she breathlessly inquired.

Mrs Davies poured herself some more hot coffee, and nodded.

"She refused him."

"Oh!" and acute distress settled on Grace Sargent's brow, with such a firm clutch that it threatened to homestead the location. Mrs Sargent shared the belief of Rev. Smith Boyd's mother, that Smith Boyd was the finest young man in the world; and Gail's aunt was speechless with dismay and disappointment.

"I have ceased to worry about Gail's future," went on Mrs. Davies complacently. "It is her present condition about which I am most concerned She is so conscientious and self-analytical that she may distress herself over this affair, and I must get in Arly and Lucile, and plan a series of gayeties which will keep her mind occupied from morning until night."

In consequence of this kindly decision, Gail was plunged into gayety until she loathed the scrape of a violin! The mere fact that she had no time to think did not remove the fact that she had a great deal to think about and the gayety only added dismally to her troubled burden.

Meanwhile, the free and entirely uncurbed metropolitan press went merrily onward with its righteous Vedder court crusade, until it had the public indignation properly aroused. The public indignation rose to such a pitch that, if the public had not been busy with affairs of its own, and if it had not been in the habit of leaving everything to be seen to by the people financially interested, and if it had not consisted chiefly of a few active vocal cords, there is not the slightest doubt, it is worth repeating, that the public might have done something about Vedder court! As things were, it grew most satisfactorily indignant. It talked of nothing else, in the subways and on the "L's" and on the surface lines, and on the cindery commuter trains; and on the third day of the agitation, before something else should happen to shake the populace to the very foundation of its being, the city authorities condemned the Vedder court property as unsanitary, inhuman and unsafe, as a menace to the public morals, health and life, and as a blot upon civilization; this last being a fancy touch added by Tim Corman himself, who, in his old age, had a tendency to link poetry to his practicability. In consequence of this decision, the city authorities ordered Vedder court to be forthwith torn down, demolished and removed from the face of the earth; thereby justifying, after all, the existence of the free and entirely uncurbed metropolitan press! The exact psychological moment had been chosen. The public, caught at the very height of its frenzy, applauded, and ate its dinner in virtuous satisfaction; and Gail Sargent's distress crystallized into a much easier thing to handle; just plain anger!

And so Market Square church had persisted in clutching its greedy hold on a commercial advantage so vile that even a notoriously corrupt city government had ordered it destroyed! Her mind was immensely relieved about Rev. Smith Boyd. She had chosen well and wisely!

CHAPTER XVIII.

Rev. Smith Boyd Protests.

The doves which in summer flitted about the quiet little vestry yard, and cooed over the vestry door, would have flown away had they been at home; for it was a stormy affair, with loud voices and clashing wills and a general atmosphere of tensity, which was somewhat at variance with the red-robed figure of the Good Shepherd in the pointed window of the vestry. The late arrival was Joseph G. Clark, and his eye sought that of Banker Chisholm, before he nodded to the others and took his seat at the Gothic table. Rev. Smith Boyd, who was particularly straight and tall today, and particularly in earnest, paused long enough for the slight disturbance to subside, and then he finished his speech.

"That is my unalterable position in the matter," he declared. "If Market Square church has a mission, it is the responsibility for these miserable human wrecks whom we have made our wards."

"We can't feed and clothe them," objected Banker Chisholm, whose white mutton chops already glowed pink from the anger-reddened skin beneath.

"It doesn't pay to pauperize the people," supplemented Willis Cunningham, stroking his sparse Vandyke complacently. Cunningham, whose sole relationship to economics consisted in permitting his secretary to sign checks, had imbibed a few principles which sufficed for all occasions.

"I do not wish to pauperize them," returned the rector. "I am willing to accept the shame of having the city show Market Square church its duty, in exchange for the pleasure of replacing the foul tenements in Vedder court with clean ones."

Joseph G. Clark glanced again at Chisholm.

"They'd be dirty again in ten years," he observed. "If we build the new type of sanitary tenement we shall have to charge more rent, or not make a penny of profit; and we can't get more rent because the people who would pay it will not come into that neighborhood."

"Are we compelled to make a profit?" retorted the rector. "Is it necessary for Market Square church to remain perpetually a commercial landlord?"

The vestry gazed at Rev. Smith Boyd in surprised disapproval. Their previous rector had talked like that, and Rev. Smith Boyd had been a great relief.

"So long as the church has property at all, it will meet with that persistent charge," argued Chisholm. "It seems to me that we have had enough of it. My own inclination would be to sell the property outright, and take up slower, but less personal, forms of investment."

Old Nicholas Van Ploon, sitting far enough away to fold his hands comfortably across his tight vest, screwed his neck around so that he could glare at the banker.

"No," he objected; for the Van Ploon millions had been accumulated by the growth of tall office buildings out of a worthless Manhattan swamp. "We should never sell the property."

"There are a dozen arguments against keeping it," returned the nasal voice of old Joseph G. Clark. "The chief one is the necessity of making a large investment in these new tenements."

Rev Smith Boyd rose again, shutting the light from the red robe of the Good Shepherd out of quietly concentrated Jim Sargent's eyes.

"I object to this entire discussion," he stated. "We have a moral obligation which forbids us to discuss matters of investment and profit within these walls as if we were a lard trust. We have neglected our moral obligation in Vedder court, until we are as blackened with sin as the thief on the cross."

Shrewd old Rufus Manning looked at the young rector curiously. He was puzzled over the change in him.

"Don't swing the pendulum too far, Doctor Boyd," Manning reminded him, with a great deal of kindliness. These two had met often in Vedder court. "Our sins, such as they are, are more passive than active."

It was, of course, old Nicholas Van Ploon who fell back again on the stock argument which had been quite sufficient to soothe his conscience for all these years.

"We give these people cheaper rent than they can find anywhere in the city."

"We should continue to do so, but in cleaner and more wholesome quarters," quickly returned the rector. "This is the home of all these poverty-stricken people whom Market Square church has taken under its shelter, and we have no right to dispose of it."

"That's what I say," and Nicholas Van Ploon nodded his round head. "We should not sell the property."

"We cannot for shame, if for nothing else," agreed the rector, seizing on every point of vantage to support his intense desire to lift the Vedder court derelicts from the depth of their degradation. "We lie now under the disgrace of having owned property so filthy that the city was compelled to order it torn down. The only way in which we can redeem the reputation of Market Square church is to replace those tenements with better ones, and

She Came Into the Little Reception "Cosy" to Meet Allison.

conduct them as a benefit to the people rather than to our own pockets."

"That's a clever way of putting it," commended Jim Sargent. "It's time we did something to get rid of our disgrace," and he was most earnest about it. He had been the most uncomfortable of all these vestrymen in the past few days; for the disgrace of Market Square church had been a very reliable topic of conversation in Gail Sargent's neighborhood.

The nasal voice of smooth-shaven old Joseph G. Clark drawled into the little silence which ensued.

"What about the cathedral?" he asked, and the hush which followed was far deeper than the one which he had broken. Even Rev. Smith Boyd was driven to some fairly profound thought. His bedroom and his study were lined with sketches of the stupendously beautiful cathedral, the most expensive in the world in which he was to disseminate the gospel.

"Suppose we come back to earth," resumed Clark, who had built the Standard Cereal company into a monopoly of all the breadstuffs by that process. "If we rebuild we set ourselves back in the cathedral project ten years. You can't wipe out what you call our disgrace, even if you give all these paupers free board and compulsory baths. My proposition is to telephone for Edward E. Allison, and tell him we're ready to accept his offer."

"Not while I'm a member of this vestry," declared Nicholas Van Ploon, swiveling himself to defy Joseph G. Clark. "We don't sell the property."

"I put Mr. Clark's proposition as a motion," jerked W. T. Chisholm, and in the heated argument which ensued, the Good Shepherd in the window, taking advantage of the shifting sun, removed from the room the light of the red robe.

In the end, the practical-minded members won over the sentimentalists, if Nicholas Van Ploon could be classed under that heading, and Allison was telephoned. Before they were through wrangling over the decision to have him meet them, Allison was among them. One might almost have thought that he had been waiting for the call; but he exchanged no more friendly glances with Clark and Chisholm, of the new International Transportation company, than he did with any of the others.

"Well, Allison, we've decided to accept your offer for the Vedder court property," stated Manning.

"I haven't made you any, but I'm willing," returned Allison.

Jim Sargent drew from his pocket a memorandum slip.

"You offered us a sum which, at three and a half per cent, would accrue, in ten years, to forty-two million dollars," he reminded the president of the Municipal Transportation company. "That figures to a spot-cash proposition of thirty-one millions, with a repeating decimal of one; so somebody will have to lose a cent."

"That offer is withdrawn," said Allison.

"I don't see why," objected Jim Sargent. "The property is as valuable for your purpose as it ever was."

"I don't dispute that; but in that offer I allowed you for the income-earning capacity of your improved property. Since that capacity is stopped, I don't feel obliged to pay you for it, or, in other words, to make up to you the loss which the city has compelled you to sustain."

"There is some show of reason in what Allison says," observed Joseph G. Clark.

Chisholm leaned forward, with his elbows on the table, around the edge of which were carved the heads of winged cherubs.

"What is your present offer?"

"Twenty-five million; cash."

"We refuse!" announced Nicholas Van Ploon, bobbing his round head emphatically.

"I'm not so sure that we do," returned Clark. "I have been studying property values in that neighborhood, and I doubt if we can obtain more."

"Then we don't sell!" insisted Nicholas Van Ploon.

"I scarcely think we wish to take up this discussion with Mr. Allison until we have digested the offer," observed the quiet voice of Manning, and, on this hint, Allison withdrew.

He smiled as he heard the voices which broke out in controversy the moment he had closed the door behind him. Being so near, he naturally called on Gail Sargent, and found her entertaining a little tea party of the gayest and brightest whom Aunt Helen Davies could bring together.

She came into the little reception "cozy" to meet Allison, smiling with pleasure. There seemed to be a degree of wistfulness in her greeting of her friends since the night of her return.

"Of course I couldn't overlook an opportunity to drop in," said Allison, shaking her by both hands, and holding them while he surveyed her critically. There was a tremendous comfort in his strength.

"So you only called because you were in the neighborhood," bantered Gail.

"Guilty," he laughed. "I've just been paying attention to my religious duties."

"I wasn't aware that you knew you had any," returned Gail, sitting in the shadow of the window jamb. Allison's eyes were too searching.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

TIN HAT IS INNOVATION

Designer Puts Forth Many Reasons Why It Should Be Accepted as an Article of Attire.

The latest innovation in men's apparel has been sprung by W. H. Whiting of Jonesboro, Me. It is a tin hat, with a band made of copper. He fashioned the natty headpiece himself. It is not only very light in weight, but he claims that it is cheaper than a straw "bonnet," lasts longer and is absolutely rainproof.

Whiting's tin hat has a luster all its own, something that takes the shine off all other hats. It is more showy than Mambrino's helmet, made famous by Don Quixote. Whiting's hat is made of tin, common sheet tin, the same kind of tin that baked beans and sardines and tomatoes are put in.

It is built on a 1915 model and no fashionable youth of the town can "put anything over" on him in the matter of style. It is neat, but not gaudy, a tin body with a copper band, not quite as brilliant as a ribbon with college colors, but more substantial and quite as attractive. At least, it attracts plenty of attention when Whiting wears it on the streets.

BUYS DOG TO RECOVER RING

Man Kills Animal and Finds His $200 Gem in Stomach, as He Had Suspected.

While William A. Thompson was trying to drive a pup away from him the animal closed on his fingers and pulled off and swallowed a $200 diamond ring. Mr. Thompson was not certain what had become of the ring, but when he failed to find it he suspected the dog. He bought the animal, nominally a ten-cent pup, from H. R. Rogers, the negro owner, for $10 after much parley, took the dog home, killed him and found the diamond ring in his stomach.

He was luckier than a man in a neighboring town who owned a valuable vase, a family heirloom. His dog poked his head into the neck of the vase and it stuck. The owner cut off the dog's head to save the vase and then had to break the vase to get out the dog's head to bury it.—Beckley (W. Va.) Dispatch to New York World.

Mobilizing Brains.

Some world-famous names appear on the list of the consulting panel which has been added to the inventions board. Sir William Crookes, O. M., discovered thallium and invented the radiometer, among other valuable services to science, and has written books on such diverse subjects as beet sugar, dyeing, calico printing and fertilizers. Sir Oliver Lodge is a high authority on wireless telegraphy and other matters. The other names are equally distinguished and show that England has at last waked up to the necessity of mobilizing the brains of the nation.

Argentine Wines.

Production of wine in Argentina is one of the most important industries of the country. In 1913 the record production of 110,000,000 gallons was reached. Practically all of the wine produced in Argentina is of a common variety, and for table use only. The exportation of Argentine wines is very limited.

ATTORNEYS.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
No. 19 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to.

I. D. Garman Jno. J. Bower W. S. Hoy
GARMAN, BOWER & HOY
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EAGLE BLOCK
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Successors to Orvis, Bower & Orvis
Consultation in English and German.

H. B. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building.

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office E. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank.

Penns Valley Banking Company
Centre Hall, Pa.
DAVID H. KELLER, Cashier
Receives Deposits . . .
& Discounts Notes . .

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Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . . .
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Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.
Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, PA.
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MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble and Granite.
Don't fail to call my prices.

BOALSBURG TAVERN
BOALSBURG, PA.
AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. Bus to and from all trains stopping at Oak Hall Station. Every effort made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD FORT HOTEL
EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor
RATES $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile south of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn'a. Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1915.

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Lutheran—Union, morning; Georges Valley, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning. Prof. J. T. Marshman will preach

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening; Christmas sermon.

Reformed—Centre Hall, no church service in the morning; Christmas service in the evening. Regular service at Tusseyville in the afternoon.

Foolish Partisanship.

The most foolish exhibition of partisanship witnessed in this country for many a day is that participated in by the Republicans of the House and Senate when they voted solidly against the extension of the emergency war taxes for one year.

It is no excuse for this narrowness to say that the measure was partisan and that if the Republicans had been in power they would have handled it differently. The measure was not partisan. If the Republicans had been in control they would have been compelled to take similar action. In fact, the emergency war taxes are the same in principle as those levied by Republicans during the Civil and the Spanish-American Wars.

The pretense that high or low tariffs, tariffs for plunder or tariffs for revenue, had anything to do with this question or the situation that produced it was equally false. The emergency taxes were made necessary by the war in Europe, which has dislocated commerce and industry to an extent never before known.

Several weeks before the war with Spain began, every Democrat in the House of Representatives voted with the Republican majority in favor of a $50,000,000 appropriation for national defense. The money now derived from the emergency taxes is just as necessary to national honor and security as the great fund that was placed unreservedly in the hands of President McKinley in 1898. The first step toward national defense is to keep a solvent Treasury.

LOCALS

The borough schools will close on Friday and reopen on Monday, January 3.

Prof. J. T. Marshman of State College will preach in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning.

Mrs. Rebecca Murray killed the two largest porkers that have yet been reported, their weights being 463 and 403 pounds, respectively.

J. S. Rowe, who for the past month has been in Strasburg, Virginia, arrived home on Saturday and will remain until after the holidays.

R. D. Musser of near Spring Mills was a business caller at this office on Tuesday morning, and also visited his daughter, Mrs. Ralph E. Dinges.

Miss Mabel Arney, who is attending a pharmaceutical school in Pittsburgh, is spending the holiday season with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Arney, in this place.

H. A. Dodson, proprietor of the drug store, attended the funeral of his cousin at Bloomsburg, on Monday. Dr. H. F. Bitner was in charge of the store in Mr. Dodson's absence.

Mrs. Lillie Alexander on Wednesday closed her beautiful home and left for Bellefonte where she will spend the winter months, dividing the time between her sister, Mrs. Frank McCoy, and brother, Archie Allison.

B. D. Brisbin, who has been on the sick list for some time past, is slowly improving. Mr. Brisbin during most his years has been a man of out-door life and finds it extremely hard to be compelled to remain indoors for the greater part of the time.

The Old Fort Lodge, F. & A. M., recently made a very liberal cash offering to the Ladies' Auxiliary to the Bellefonte hospital, of this place, which was used in purchasing necessary material for the room maintained by the local society. The ladies are very grateful for the aid given them.

The local merchants are the most busy class of people these days. While many people heeded the admonition to "Do Your Christmas Shopping Early," there are, as usual, a great number of eleventh hour shoppers who help to make the merchants' and clerks' burdens extremely heavy by their procrastinating on the Christmas-gift buying.

DEATHS.

Again has the final summons come to a brave veteran of the War of the Rebellion, this time calling Thaddeus Stover to appear before the Great Commander. After a long illness with a complication of diseases he died at his home in Smullton Thursday morning of last week. Funeral services were held in the Lutheran church at Rebersburg on Monday morning, being in charge of Rev. J. L. Metzgar, and burial was made in the Union cemetery at Rebersburg.

Thaddeus Stover was born June 6, 1839, consequently was in his seventy-seventh year. His military history proves that he was in the thick of many battles. In 1862 he enlisted and was mustered into service at Harrisburg, as a member of Co. D, 148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, under Col. James A. Beaver. At the battle of Chancellorsville he was wounded and captured. He was held as a prisoner for ten days and finally sent to the Emery hospital in Washington. After being there two months he was honorably discharged, September, 1863. He was a member of Bierly Post, 298, G. A. R., which body had charge of the service at the grave.

Besides his wife he is survived by three children, Mrs. Catharine Burd, at home; Mrs. Harry Royer, of Rebersburg; and Mrs. Henry Detwiler of Smullton. He was a member of a family of nine children all of whom but one, Miss Anna Mary Stover, of Millheim, have passed away.

Samuel Gregg Slack, one of the oldest residents in Potter township, died at his home in Potters Mills a me time Monday night or early Tuesday morning. His lifeless form was found in bed by his son, Warren, who entered his father's bedroom after the latter's failure to put in his appearance at the usual hour. Diseases incident to old age had affected him for some time past and the last two weeks his condition became alarming. Funeral services will be held Friday morning and burial made in the Sprucetown cemetery, Rev. R. R. Jones officiating.

Mr. Slack was the son of Uriah and Isabella Slack and was born near Potters Mills, eighty-four years, two months and seven days ago. He was one of ten children, all save one, John A., of Potters Mills, having passed away. This family was noted for its longevity, the father having attained a ripe old age and many of the children likewise. During his active life he was engaged in farming and in the buying and selling of stock. He was twice married, his second wife having been Mary Kimport who preceded him to the grave thirteen years ago. Three children were born to them, two of whom survive—Warren and Miss Lizzie—both at home.

Mrs. Susan Louise Musser, wife of William Musser, died at her home at Woodward early Wednesday morning after a short illness with heart disease. Her age was sixty-five years and eight months. Funeral arrangements had not yet been completed up until Wednesday noon, but burial will take place at Woodward, and Rev. W. H. Brown of the U. Ev. church will officiate. Besides her husband she is survived by six children, namely, Wm. H., Cleveland, John, Lucius, Lydia, of Fiedler; and Boyd, of Arbuckle, California. Also one brother and two sisters: Benjamin Stover, Mrs. Moses Evey, of near Fiedler, and Mrs. Jacob Detwiler, of Spring Mills.

James Norris, a Civil war veteran and who for the past year made his home with his daughter in Lewistown, died a few days ago and was buried in the cemetery connected with the Zion church, near Tusseyville. He was near eighty years of age and was a resident on the south side of Potter township for a long number of years.

Robert Bestress died at his home at Harlam, Indiana, Thursday evening from the effects of a paralytic stroke of a day's duration. His remains were interred in the Pine Hall cemetery from the 3 o'clock train, Monday, Rev. S. C. Stover officiating. Eight years ago he married Lizzie, daughter of J. B. Witmer, of White Hall. Besides his wife several brothers and sisters mourn his sudden death.

The death of Nathan Eberhart, brother of Mrs. Caroline Burris, west of Centre Hall, occurred on the 10 inst., at Bellevue, Ohio, where he was visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel Beechler. Deceased was eighty-four years old and a native of Mifflinburg. His wife, three children, three brothers, and two sisters, survive. He was a Civil war veteran.

License Court Continued.

Judge Orvis, on Saturday morning, heard the testimony against the granting of liquor license to the Coburn hotel and also to the Rebersburg hotel, conducted by Clarence Long. The cases were continued until today (Thursday) when the opposite side of the question will be heard. No other licenses were considered at the license court on Saturday.

THREE DEER FALL ON LAST DAY.

Tracking Snow Proves Helpful to Hunters.—Nittany Mountain Produces Deer, First in Many Years.

Last Wednesday, the closing day of the deer season, proved to be the best day for the sport, for a tracking snow made it easy to follow up the fleet footed bucks. While all the hunting parties had broken camp, a few bands of hunters tried their luck with good result. One of the surprises of the season was the report of a buck deer being killed on Nittany Mountain, a few miles below Centre Hall. A party of hunters composed of Maynard Meeker and son Robert, Gardner Grove and two sons, John and George Long, started out in the morning. They felt certain of the presence of deer on the mountain for at various times they were seen by several of the party. Toward dinner time they finally rounded up the deer, back of the Murray school house, and he was brought to earth by Robert Meeker. It was the first deer killed on Nittany Mountain in many years.

A party from about Colyer went into the Seven Mountains and after striking a trail and following it for some time, came upon a three-prong buck, which was shot by Harry Horner.

Joseph Confer, at the upper end of Georges Valley, killed a buck in the woods back of his home. He and his son were hunting together, and tracked the animal in the snow.

Surprised on Birthday.

More than two score of neighbors and friends sprung a surprise on farmer D. Geiss Wagner, near Tusseyville, on Friday night, it being his fifty-sixth birthday anniversary. Mr. Wagner was taken complete ly unawares by his friends and after coming to a realization of the meaning of the influx of visitors into his home, joined in making merry during the evening. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Rockey, Ruth and William Rockey, Mrs. Ezra Ripka, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Neff, Fred Reiber, Vira Runkle, Mrs. Maria Wagner, Mrs. Michael Rossman, Mr. and Mrs. William Bitner, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Flink and son Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. John Weiser and two children, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McClellan and son Wilbur. Ice cream, cake and other refreshments were served.

Chicken Thief Sent to Penitentiary.

William Norris, who at the last term of court was found guilty of chicken thieving and of breaking into the store at Snow Shoe Intersection, was on Saturday sentenced by the Court to serve one year and four months in the Western penitentiary at Pittsburgh. On Monday Sheriff A. B. Lee delivered the young man to Pittsburgh.

Alfred Pletcher, an accomplice, who plead guilty to the same charge, was considered irresponsible for his acts of wrong doing and a commission on lunacy was appointed to investigate his sanity and on Friday reported that the man was a lunatic. He was accordingly sent to an institution for the criminal insane at Fairview, Wayne county.

REBERSBURG

Edwin Weaver, a student at Bucknell, is spending his holiday vacation at this place with his mother.

Miss Alice Weber, who spent the past three weeks in Williamsport, has returned to this place again.

Robert Deb', who spent the past five years in Texas, returned to his family at this place last Thursday.

This week our farmers are busy storing away ice. The frozen crystal is seven inches thick.

James Frank left on Wednesday for Philipsburg where he will spend the holidays with his son, Orvis.

Mrs. Long, of Iowa, is visiting her aged mother, Mrs. Thomas Boyer, at this place.

Mrs. Charles Brungart and daughter, Mrs. Wm. Brindel, all residing in Illinois, are at present visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Those on the sick list in this place at present are Harvey Corman and Mrs. Wm. Haines. Mrs. Haines is seriously ill.

The Rebersburg hunting club pulled up stakes last Thursday morning and returned home with four fine bucks, one being a 6-prong and a fine specimen, too.

Thaddeus Stover, an aged resident of Smullton, died last Thursday night of consumption and his remains were buried on Monday forenoon in the Union cemetery at this place.

Charles Gephart, who worked on a farm for his brother-in-law during the past summer at Maple Rock, Illinois, returned last Friday and will spend the winter months here under the parental roof.

The Garman Opera House.

All next week the Etna Clymer Stock Company—a first class troupe of entertainers. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

January 3—Some Baby Company. One of the best shows on the road.

January 7—Peck's Bad Boy; Matinee and night on the 8th.

Lyman Howe's motion pictures. A trip through the Panama Canal and to San Francisco Exposition and back.

BOALSBURG.

Samuel Weaver and family moved into the house vacated by Roy Coxey.

A. W. Dale has been on the sick list the last few days.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Garbrick and daughter visited Michael Garbrick and family of Bedford.

Mr. and Mrs. William Klinger visited Mrs. Klinger's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wieland, at Lebanon.

Mrs. R. Tennis of Tyrone is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Riley.

Mrs. H. S. Harro and children spent a few days last week with friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Swope of Julian has been elected to finish the late E. H. Williams' term of school.

Misses Nora Miller, Mary Reish and Anna Ross spent Sunday afternoon at the Andrew Lytle home near State College, visiting Mrs. Lytle who is ill.

A Christmas entertainment will be held in the Lutheran church Saturday evening, December 25th, and in the Reformed church Sunday evening, December 26th.

Aaronsburg.

Clyde Stover brought his wife and little son to his father's home to spend a few weeks.

Thomas Hull, who is employed at State College, is spending Christmas with his family.

The writer wishes all readers of this paper a Merry Christmas and a Prosperous New Year.

Mrs. Ray Stover of Wolfs Store spent part of the Sabbath at the Thomas Weaver home.

Walter Orwig, who is employed in Akron, Ohio, has come to spend Christmas with his family.

Archie King and John Houtz, who are employed at Clarence, are home over the holidays.

Rupel Sylvis, one of our bright young men, has secured employment at Akron, Ohio.

Ray Stover, accompanied by his wife and baby, of Wolfs Store, were guests of Thomas Weaver on Sunday.

Do not forget the Christmas service in the Reformed church this evening (Thursday) and the Lutheran service Friday evening.

Mrs. Eva Stover Corman has gone to spend Christmas at Scalp Level, her former home; from there she will go to Youngstown, Ohio, to visit her sister, Mrs. Homer Zerby.

CENTRE OAK

Mrs. Isaac Smith is still not able to be around.

Butchering season is past in this section, so we are ready for winter.

Mr. and Mrs. John Knarr and son Bruce from Centre Hall spent Sunday at the Meeker home.

Miss Maud Hosterman from Aaronsburg is spending some time with John W. Zerby and family.

Miss Kate Pennington from Centre Hall spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. John Long.

O. C. Homan is the champion hog raiser; he killed one that tipped the scales at 476 lbs.

Robert Meeker was the lucky hunter in this section; he downed a two pronged buck on the last day hunting season. Robert is a good marksman.

Georges Valley

Pearl Sleiffer is employed at the John Vonada home at present.

Albert Lingle made a business trip to Centre Hall on Thursday.

Mrs. Susan Davis spent last week at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Roland Zettle.

Milton and Hobert Barger left on Monday for Johnstown where they expect to work this winter.

Those who are on the sick list are Mrs. Immel, Mrs. Wm. Zerby and Mrs. John Vonada.

Mrs. S. C. Decker and Miss Bertha Jamison left on Thursday for Altoona where they will spend a week with friends.

Stone Mill.

George M. Harter is on the sick list.

Max Harshbarger was a caller at the James Harshbarger home on Monday.

D. C. Rossman assisted George W. Harter to butcher on Tuesday.

Howard Confer visited at the James Harshbarger home on Friday.

James Harshbarger and family spent Sunday afternoon at the Robert Glasgow home.

Several farmers in our community had to haul water and drive their cattle to water on account of their cisterns being dry.

Transfers of Real Estate.

Catherine R. Minnick et bar to F. P. Bower, tract of land in Haines twp. $687.50.

Wm. H. Noll, Jr., et al to W. H. Noll, Jr., tract of land in Spring twp. $300.

J. H. Crouse et al Exrs. to Alice Stover, tract of land in Haines twp. $400.

Andrew Lytle et ux to Irvin Chapin, tract of land in College twp. $350.

Lehigh Valley Coal Company to J. Harris Watson, tract of land in Snow Shoe boro. $120.

Ernest C. Holt et al to Roland F. Bergeor, tract of land in Burnside twp. $1,100.

Harry Keller, Trustee, to M. Frank Rege', tract of land in Spring twp. $600.

CENTRE MILLS

Mrs. N. B. Shaffer and daughter Mary spent several days at Spring Mills last week.

A. J. Reish traded horses in Nittany Valley on Monday.

Mrs. Samuel Botdorf of Smithtown is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bechtol, of Spring Bank.

Henry White of Blue Ball visited at the A. J. Reish home on Sunday.

Master Earl Weaver of Zion is visiting friends at this place.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Resolutions Adopted by Bear Meadows Commandery, No. 416, Ancient and Illustrious Order Knights of Malta, Boalsburg, Pa., upon the Death of Companion Edward H. Williams.

WHEREAS:—An All-wise Providence has seen fit to call from his labors, our worthy and esteemed Sir Knight Companion, Edward H. Williams, and

WHEREAS:—Our beloved Companion was not found wanting in chivalry, kindness, courtesy, devot on and all the qualities and attributes of earnest Christian Knighthood and always stood ready to put in practise our Christain maxims, to feed the hungry, to clothe the naked with a garment, to relieve the distressed, to visit the sick, and finally to bury the dead, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED:—That we sincerely mourn our Companion's loss and his vacant chair and his wise counsels. As the Knights of Malta has always battled against false creeds and doctrines and against the infidels who hoped to destroy the power and progress of Christianity, so has our Companion battled and emulated the deeds of our ancient Brotherhood, and in the sign of the cross of Christ, he has conquered.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:—That the Charter be draped for a period of six months and a copy of these resolutions be sent to the newspapers and to the deceased Companion's family.

GEO. EDWARD MEYER,
Sir Knight Commander.

Attest:—P. S. Ishler, Secretary.

Boalsburg, Pa. Dec. 17, 1915. adv.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, having been appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Centre County, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator as appears by his final account filed and confirmed in the estate of Elizabeth Harshbarger, late of the Borough of Millheim, County of Centre, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, on Wednesday, the 26th day of January, 1916, when and where all parties interested in the estate can attend if they see proper, or be forever debarred from making claim upon the said fund.

D. F. FORTNEY,
Auditor.
o.2

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, having been appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Centre County, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator as appears by the final account filed and confirmed, in the estate of Catharine C. Shook, late of Gregg township, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, on Friday, the 21st day of January, 1916, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested in the estate may attend or be forever debarred from making claim upon the said fund.

D. F. FORTNEY,
Auditor.
o.2

SLEIGH AND HARNESS FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale a good Portland sleigh and set of single harness.—G. L. GOODHART, Centre Hall, Pa.

Sale Register

FRIDAY, MARCH 10TH, at ten o'clock—Maynard Meeker, 2 1-2 miles east of Centre Hall, on the Brush Valley road, will sell horses, cattle farm implements, and household goods. This will be a clean-up sale.

MONDAY, MARCH 20TH, ten o'clock a. m.—D. Geiss Wagner, one mile west of Tusseyville will sell farm stock and implements. This will be a clean sale of everything.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, ten o'clock, one mile south of Spring Mills.—Farm stock and implements, by E. C. Harter. This will be a clean up sale.

FRIDAY, MARCH 24TH—T. F. Royer, at Sprucetown church, will sell lot of live stock.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29TH, ten o'clock a. m., W. A. Carson, on the Coburn farm, 2 miles east of Spring Mills, will have a clean up sale. L. F. Mayes, auct.

THE MARKETS.

GRAIN

Corrected weekly by Bradford & Son.

Wheat	$1.05
Corn	.70
New Corn	.60
Oats	.32
Barley	.55
Rye	.70

PRODUCE AT STORES

Butter	.28
Eggs	.30
Lard	.09

FRESH
OYSTERS
—AT THE—
Centre Hall Bakery

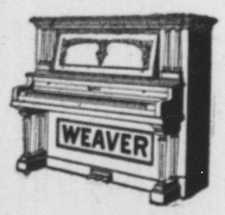
The season for this popular food is here again and you will find us to have the nicest and largest oysters that can be bought.

Take a pint or a quart home to-night. The best for eating raw or in stews.

Fresh
OYSTER CRACKERS

Centre Hall Bakery
"Where Good Goods Come From"
CHAS. PENNINGTON, Proprietor

Biederwolf Evangelistic Party Endorses Weaver Piano.



"We shall always use Weaver Pianos when we can get them. We never had anything to equal them in tone quality, smoothness of scale and power. They are equal to both the soft, sympathetic effects of solo accompaniment and the brilliant, powerful, fortissimo effects so essential to chorus and orchestra work."
William McEwan,
Soloist and Chorister with Dr. Biederwolf.

Two Weaver Pianos are being used at York, Pa., in the Biederwolf Tabernacle, which seats 7,000 people, besides the choir of 951 and the orchestra of 75. They are used under trying conditions and the above was written after four weeks' use. Mr. McEwan is the world's sweetest Gospel Tenor and has an international reputation. For fifteen years he has been singing for the Columbia Graphaphone Co. and his records are in tremendous demand. His home is in Binghamton, N. Y.

WEAVER PIANOS MAKE BEST CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

Nine-tenths of all Christmas presents wear out quickly, depreciating rapidly with use. The Weaver Piano, on the contrary, has an intrinsic value little affected by length of use. Moreover, it is an instrument from which you draw daily dividends of useful service and delight of ownership. The Weaver Piano is nearly as valuable intrinsically, and much more so sentimentally, after twenty years use, as the day you buy it.

PRICES: $400.00 to $850.00
"Other Reliable Player Pianos and Pianos at much Lower Prices"

PHILIP H. MEYER, CENTRE HALL, PA.
I AM THE FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE

—SUGGESTIONS FOR—
Christmas

Manicure Sets
Hair Brushes
Clothes Brushes
Mirrors
Box of Writing Paper
Books
Fountain Pens
Soap Boxes

Infant Sets
Infant Brushes
Infant Combs
Perfumes
Pictures
Calendars

CANDIES
Box, Mixture, Toys

TREE ORNAMENTS
Paper Balls
Paper Bells
Paper Garlands

Child's Color Outfit
Blocks
Seals, Tags and Cards at—

DODSON'S

SUPPLEMENT

Value of Corn Silage Shown.

The Pennsylvania Experiment Station at State College has conducted several experiments to determine the difference in cost of feeding cattle by the common Pennsylvania ration of mixed hay and corn stover as roughage, and chopped ear corn, or corn and cornmeal and bran, as concentrates; and a ration composed of corn silage, mixed hay and cottonseed meal, supplemented by ear corn. In all experiments smaller gains were made by the lot of cattle fed the ordinary Pennsylvania ration.

In one experiment, which is typical, the average amount of air-dry matter required to make a pound of gain ranged from one to three pounds more per head for cattle fed the common ration than for those fed the ration adopted by the Station. The cost of producing 100 pounds of gain for the entire period of the experiment, in the case of the lot fed the Pennsylvania ration, was $2.87 greater per hundred, compared with the cheapest of the other lots, and $1.85 higher than the most expensive lot where silage formed a part of the ration. The daily cost of feed per head for the entire experimental period ranged from 22.04 cents with the common ration to 16.92 cents for the adopted ration.

The experiment emphasizes a decided advantage in using corn silage for at least a portion of the roughage in fattening cattle, if they are to be fed economically. Results also show the advantage of feeding a large amount of roughage during the early part of the feeding period, especially with the prevailing high prices of grain feeds.

State College Gets Coke Plant Model.

With the closing of the Panama-Pacific exposition, at San Francisco, the school of mines of the Pennsylvania State College comes into possession of the $12,000 model of a coke producing plant exhibited at the fair by the H. C. Frick Coke company. The model will be received next month and will be added to the collection of exhibits in the museum of the new mining building.

The model, which is sixteen by twenty-four feet, is complete in all details, representing the surface works of the coke plant, showing the shaft by which the coal is raised from the mine, the coke ovens, the supply houses and the miners' homes. A plan for landscape development, by which the grounds and surface works are beautified, is an interesting feature of the coke plant model.

Through the generosity of the H. C. Frick company, the model is loaned to State College for instruction purposes to the students in mining.

JUST A MITE TOO STRENUOUS

Marie Corelli's Idea of Love Draws Forth Some Criticism From American Periodical.

If I loved a man I should love him so completely that I should never think of anything in which he had not the first and greatest share. I should see his kind looks in every ray of sunshine—I should hear his loving voice in every note of music—if I were to read a book alone, I should wonder which sentence in it would please him most—if I plucked a flower I should ask myself if he would like me to wear it—I should live through him and for him—he would be my very eyes and heart and soul.—Marie Corelli.

We want to thank you, **Marie**, for letting us know in time, but to be real candid we don't want to be loved your way; mighty few men do. It all reads beautifully, but most men don't like the same kind of books their wives do. Most men hate to be sung to; and as for being the very eyes and heart and soul of any woman—not all the time. Even the best of us like to be left alone much of the time. When we marry we don't want to be strapped down to a 90-horsepower love car. In a life endurance test two people need to know each other not too well. It takes a lot of water to keep Niagara going. A marriage such as you indicate, Marie, would run out of power in two or three weeks.—**Life.**

THEMISTOCLES

When Themistocles was asked by his host at a dinner party to entertain the guests by playing the lute, he replied that he could not play the fiddle, but that he could make a small town a great city. We have in this nation many politicians who are good "fiddlers," but they cannot make a small town a great city. We are overrun with orators who can play upon the passions of the people, but they can't put brick and mortar together. We need builders.

Let those who hunger and thirst for power understand that the highest glory of a statesman is to construct, and that it is better for a man that he should build a public highway than that he should become Governor of a state, and that he start a plow than that he become the author of a law. The true test of statesmanship is the plow and the hammer, so let those **who would govern, first build.**

INDOLENCE—A CRIME.

Little Talks on Health & Hyg'ene by Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., LL. D., Commissioner of Health.

It has been said that the crime which Nature never forgives is indolence. It is certain that our bodies were never planned for idleness. Good health is invariably the result of a continued and rational exercising of both our bodies and minds.

Whenever we fail to exercise them for a period of time they are apt to degenerate. Not infrequently, owing to the close association of the various parts of the complex human machinery, this results in the impairment of one part and reflects upon the others.

The complications of modern life are very apt to result in our being forced into a restricted sphere and it requires thought and intelligence to keep mind and body in good condition.

The normal man and woman is endowed with a brain capable of development along various lines. To promote this development along a single line creates a one-sidedness which may readily become abnormal.

There has never been a time when opportunities were so great for those who desire to broaden their horizon and cultivate interests aside from those forced upon them by their particular trade or occupation. Not to have interests and occupation in a world teeming with opportunities and possibilities is to admit of stupidity and sloth.

Fads of one sort or another may not seem worthy of comparison with the more serious employments of life; nevertheless they may serve those who have been relieved of the necessity of labor and in lieu of better occupation prevent degeneration of mind and body. To be occupied with trifles is better than not to be occupied at all.

To devote one's self to tasks which require concentration and a combined effort of mind and body stimulates a rational development and goes far toward keeping us sane and healthy.

Manners Can Be Acquired.

An English critic says that the athletic girl has no manners and has other faults. But after the brilliant showing of a little Baltimore girl lately in rescuing several children single-handed from a burning house, a rescue made possible by her practice at athletic exercises, the lack of polish more or less can easily be forgiven. Manners can always be acquired, but it demands very quick action and ability to save lives. The mistake of such critics is to lay the blame on athletics when that blame is due to entirely different causes. The old idea that gentleness went with weakness and womanliness with timidity is now exploded. —Baltimore American.

The Rural Delivery Service

The following is reprinted from the Postmasters' Advocate, and will be of special interest to Reporter readers just at this time as it will aid in correcting a wrong impression:

"According to Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Blakslee, the rural delivery service is in better condition today that at any time since its inception. There has been some criticism of Mr. Blakslee's policy in regard to this service, especially in the establishment of automobile routes, but this will undoubtedly work out all right in most cases. The idea that the Department was trying to save money is completely dispelled by the assurance that whatever is saved goes into new routes established. Mr. Blakslee has quite a formidable array of figures at his command to prove his statements in regard to this, and the other bureaus under his management that show a saving. It is evident that business methods prevail in his corner of the Department."

FOR SALE—A fine chester white sow; one of the good kind; any breeder of good hogs would do well to have her. Can be bought right. H. W. DINGES, Centre Hall, Pa. 3t,

COAL STOVES FOR SALE—Large stove suited for heating large office or workshop. Medium sized stove, suited for almost any purpose. Both in first-class condition and good as new. S. W. SMITH, Centre Hall, Pa.

Holiday Goods

Linens, Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Guest Towels, and Towels in pairs. Center Pieces and Bath Sets.
Gloves for Men, Women and Children.
Kerchiefs from 5 cents to 60 cents apiece.
Ladies' Neckwear
Fancy Work Baskets
Toilet Sets
Books and Toys for the little folks.
Our China Corner was never so complete as this year.
Fresh Candies, Nuts, and Fruits

This Store will be **open** every evening until after X-mas.

Call before buying your gifts for your friends.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CYRUS BRUNGART
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1yr, pd

JAMES W. SWABB
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, &c, written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates. Marriage Licenses, Automobile Licenses, and all other Application Blanks kept on hand. Nov. 25-1 yr.

See me for best prices on all sizes of
WATER PIPES
-also-
PUMPS and REPAIRS
Everything in the Plumbing Line—bathroom fixtures, etc., at lowest prices.
J. S. ROWE
Centre Hall, Pa.

Insurance and Real Estate
If you want to buy or sell property near Centre Hall consult me. I have several properties in Centre Hall now for sale.
Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Holiday Gifts of Silverware

Silver is the first thought when considering gifts for any season or occasion. No more graceful compliment can be extended than an offering of rich silver elegant in design, perfect in taste and in the newest shapes.

1847 ROGERS BROS.

is the mark which represents the highest perfection in silver plate. With this imprint on every article, you can buy

"Silver Plate that Wears"

as safely as an expert. This stamp also guarantees that each piece is perfect in artistic design and finish.

Sold by leading dealers everywhere. Send for catalogue "CL," showing all designs.

INTERNATIONAL SILVER CO.,
Successor to Meriden Britannia Co.
MERIDEN, CONN.

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY" SHOES
will cure corns!
SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
BELLEFONTE

1915 Holiday ANNOUNCEMENT

I HAVE AGAIN MADE MY USUAL PREPARATIONS for the Holidays. I have gathered together one of the largest assortments of Gift Goods in the valley and at prices that will stand comparison either at home or in your catalogue.

I also will be well supplied with---

Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Cranberries, Nuts, Oysters and the Best Oyster Crackers

Candy Prices start at 7 cents per pound then up to 50 cents.

This time I can show you the largest assortment of 10-cent candy ever shown. My candies were bough ;before the advance in sugar, therefore the special prices.

A good size, bright colored evaporated peach, 7 cents a pound	3 lbs. 20 cents
Jumbo Peaches, one of the largest on the market	10 cents a lb.
40 Size Prunes	12 cents a lb.
60 Size Prunes	10 cents a lb.
Not-a-Seed Raisins	12 cts. a pkg.
Owl Seeded Raisins	11 cts. a pkg.
4 Crown Ondara Layer Raisin	11 1-2 cts. a lb.

Compare these prices at home or in your Catalogue

Wishing You a MERRY CHRISTMAS and a HAPPY and PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

C. W. SWARTZ
TUSSEYVILLE, PA.

Want Your Cows to Give More and Better Milk? ---Feed BADGER Dairy Feed

Positively the Best Feed on the Market to-day. Has Proved to Give the Best Results by Actual test. We have just received a carload of this feed and can quote you attractive prices.

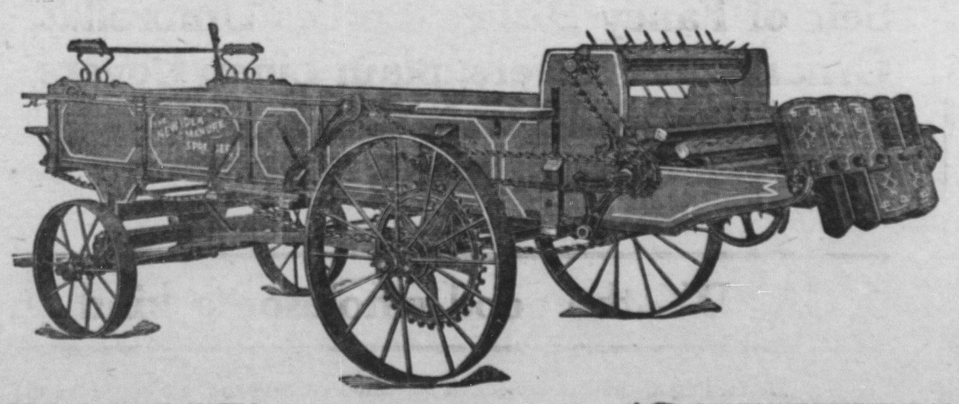
A CARLOAD of COLONIAL SALT
PURE AND CLEAN. GIVE IT A TRIAL.

BEST GRADES COAL—HARD, SOFT, CANNEL and SCREENED LUMP COAL.

Bran, Middlings, Chop, Cotton Seed Meal, Oil Meal, Gluten Feed and Security Calf Meal.

THE NEW IDEA MANURE SPREADER

A MANURE PULVERIZER — A MANURE DISTRIBUTER



"RESULTS" OUR MOTTO

IT HAS THE ABOVE PULVERIZING AND DISTRIBUTING MACHINERY TO WORK WITH

MR. FARMER, here is a farm implement which needs no introduction nor statement of its superior qualities. The large number of satisfied farmers who have been using the "NEW IDEA," for several years past, attests to its merits. A spreader that works the same all day long, under all conditions, and which truly presents a new idea in the construction of manure spreaders, is worthy of your inspection and we ask that you first see the "NEW IDEA" before buying a spreader of unknown quality.

A FULL LINE OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS
In the Market for HAY and STRAW

BRADFORD & SON, Centre Hall

You can go after bear, moose, deer, with the confidence that brings success if you shoot the
Marlin
Big Game Repeating Rifle
Marlins are always dependable and famous for their extreme accuracy.
MADE in all popular big game calibres—guns of splendid accuracy, range and power.
They have Special Smokeless Steel barrels, and the quick, reliable Marlin lever action. All have the protecting solid-top, side-ejecting safety construction; can't freeze up or clog with snow, rain, twigs, dirt or sand; empty shells never thrown in the shooter's face.
Send 3 stamps postage for big catalog to help you select right gun.
For smaller game, lever action rifles in .22 to .44 calibres; "pump action" rifles in .22, .25 rim-fire, .25-20, .32-20; repeating shotguns, 12, 16, 20 gauges.
The Marlin Firearms Co
42 Willow Street, New Haven, Conn.

A "Let's All Pay Up" Week.

"You pay your bills—I will pay mine, February 21-26" is the slogan that has been adopted by the inauguators of the nation-wide movement that has been started to induce people to settle up their debts during that period. The movement originated in the west, and has met with favor in many cities and towns throughout the United States. From present appearances, it promises to become an annual national event.

The principal benefit to be derived from it is the large amount of money that can be put in circulation during one week, and wherever it has been tried it has been a big success. Credit, according to the inaugurators, is one of the greatest assets of present day system of business, but like many another good thing, it is ofttimes abused and overdone, and because so many people are careless about paying their accounts there are millions upon millions of dollars in outstanding accounts that could be paid without inconveniencing the debtor. "If all these millions were put into circulation in one week, there would be the greatest week of prosperity this country has ever known," they say.

What for Christmas?
—FURNITURE, of Course.

NOTHING gives so much real, lasting, and genuine satisfaction to the recipient of a Christmas gift as a piece of furniture. You may feel sure that your gift will be really and truly appreciated, and your buying of so sensible an article as a piece of good furniture is a direct compliment to your intelligence in solving the ever perplexing Christmas-Gift problem.

We have something suitable for everyone whom you have down on your "list" for gift-giving---from baby to grandpa---we have just the thing to gladden the heart on Christmas morning. We mention a few, but our store is loaded from top to bottom with other useful gifts.

Big line of Beautiful Pictures

In oval and square frames---an endless variety.
A sensible gift at a very low cost.

Library Tables Parlor Tables Couches
Davenports Music Cabinets
Rocking Chairs Kitchen Cabintes Mirrors
Buffets Carpet Sweepers Rugs
Hand-Painted Calendars, very pretty and priced low

---but why go on enumerating; come in today and see what we have.

GOODHART'S
The Gift-Giving Store
CENTRE HALL, PA.

KREAMER'S for Your Christmas-Gift Purchasing

We are ready to help you in solving the perplexing Christmas-Gift solution by having a big selection of practical and useful gifts for any member of the family. Don't delay your purchasing until the eleventh hour when the best of everything has been selected but come early and make your Christmas shopping a pleasure instead of a hardship.

A few of the many things we have for your selection are—

Sets of Fancy Dishes, Ladies' Umbrellas, Ornamental Covers, plain Linen Covers, Ladies' and Men's Gloves, a fine line of Men's Ties

CANDY--the good wholesome kind

Don't forget the Candy! The Children will be looking for it. We have added a big line of Special Christmas Candies and you can start at a low price for a good wholesome sweet and go up the high priced pure chocolates and creams.

KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL, PENN.

BETTER THAN GREAT FORTUNE

Knowledge That One Always Played the Game Fairly Is a Comforting Thing to Have.

A contributor to the American Magazine says:

"When you get up in the morning take a look in the glass. How do you look to yourself?

"If you can look yourself right in the eye and not be ashamed of anything you've done, you are far better off than many a man with lots more money than you.

"Of course, it is nice to be successful, to have money. No matter what the game is—whether it's marbles or business—it is nicer to win than to lose. Success brings happiness, but it must be real success. If you've cheated to win, you've destroyed the pleasure. There is no satisfaction in being ahead of the other fellow if down in your heart of hearts you know he is rightfully entitled to be ahead of you.

"Win if you can win fairly. The knowledge that there isn't a page in your past to which you dare not turn, that there isn't a man in the world can put his finger on any crooked thing you've done, the feeling that whatever happens you have played the game straight, is worth more than all the money and all the power and all the position in the world.

"If you are in business, no matter what the other fellow does, be content with smaller profits and a square deal. Clean money pays best. Crooked dividends bring wrinkles and worries with them.

"A good test of a business is what you are going to think of yourself afterward."

The Lover's Domain.

"You say," remarked the married man, "that all the world loves a lover. But where do you get that stuff? Poetry, eh? If it's poetry it must be true. A poet wouldn't lie.

"So, all the world loves a lover! There's the fellow who has to sit up to let the lover in when he comes home late. Then there are the people at the house who have to sit up until the lover goes home. There, also, are the people who can hear the lover talking through the wall—mumble, mumble, mumble! But that's all right. The fellow is a lover, and all the world loves him!

"The clerk at the necktie store likes to sell ties to a lover. It's easy—selling ties to a lover. He takes only an hour to select one, and then he brings it back to change it. But the clerk doesn't mind so long as he's a lover.

"It is time for Mary, the nurse, to be getting back with the children. But Mary has a lover, which makes it all right. A doctor can save the baby if it catches cold."

HIS FIRST PUBLISHED WORK

Probably Nothing He Did in After Life Gave Benjamin Franklin More Exquisite Pleasure.

My brother had, in 1720 or 1721, begun to print a newspaper, relates Benjamin Franklin in his autobiography. It was the second that appeared in America and was called the New England Courant. The only one before it was the Boston News Letter. I remember him being dissuaded by some of his friends from the undertaking as not likely to succeed, one newspaper being in their judgment, enough for America. At this time (1771) there are not less than five and twenty. He went on, however, with the undertaking, and, after having worked in composing the types and printing off the sheets, I was employed to carry the papers through the streets to the customers.

He had some ingenious men among his friends, who amused themselves by writing little pieces for his paper, which gained it credit and made it more in demand, and these gentlemen often visited us. Hearing their conversations and their accounts of the approbation their papers were received with, I was excited to try my hand among them, but, being still a boy and suspecting that my brother would object to printing anything of mine in his paper if he knew it to be mine, I contrived to disguise my hand and, writing an anonymous paper, I put it at night under the door of the printing house. It was found in the morning and communicated to his writing friends when they called in as usual. They read it, commented on it in my hearing, and I had the exquisite pleasure of finding it met with their approbation, and that, in their different guesses at the author, none were named but men of some character among us for learning and ingenuity. I suppose now that I was rather lucky in my judges, and that perhaps they were not really so very good ones as I then esteemed them.

Proving Daughter's Innocence.

Ida Black had retired from the most select colored circles for a brief space on account of a slight difficulty connected with a gentleman's poultry yard. Her mother was being consoled by a white friend.

"Why, Aunt Esther, I was mighty sorry to hear about Ida—"

"Marse John, Ida ain't nuvver tuk dem chickens. Ida wouldn't do sich a thing! Ida wouldn't demeange herse'f to rob nobody's hen roost—and, anyway, dem old chickens warn't nothing 't all but feathers when we picked 'em."—Lippincott's.

Brings results—a Reporter adv.

DEFINITION OF GOOD MANNERS

No Writer Has Made a Clearer Statement of Them Than Thomas Nelson Page.

Manners, familiarly known as the plural of manner, signify, in general, good behavior and polite deportment. In conforming to the usages of etiquette thus recognized, one need not copy the example of Lord Chesterfield, whose ambition was to be regarded as the worthiest man in England, as a mirror of politeness in the eighteenth century. Nor would any true American care to be aping Beau Brummell, later in the same century, famous as a leader of fashionable society in London, where he was born, but died, at the age of sixty-two, as an imbecile in confienment at a French asylum. One is apt to think of the Scottish physician, John Brown, for his happy way of utilizing spare hours in association with his collie "Rab" and friends. But the good doctor's canine fellowship still left room in his heart to utter this terrible sentiment: "Etiquette, with all its bitterness and niceties, is founded upon a central idea of right and wrong." One more quotation shall suffice, and it is this from the pen of Thomas Nelson Page: "Whatsoever its form may be, and there are many forms in which good breeding may present itself, so many indeed as are the incidents of social intercourse, whatever tends to put at ease the person one meets is good manners, and whatever tends to the opposite is rudeness."

Profitable British Fisheries.

The British fisheries yield about 2,500,000,000 pounds annually, for which the "ultimate consumers" are believed to pay at least $125,000,000. In view of the part which herring and other small fishes play in this total, it may be within the truth to estimate the number of fishes caught in an average year by the fishermen of the United Kingdom, at two billion or more. For all Europe this enormous number may be multiplied by three, perhaps by four.

Dry Dock a Dutch Invention.

A correspondent in Holland draws our attention to the fact that the construction in that country of a floating dock of 14,000 tons, for Soerabaya harbor in the Dutch Indies, should remind us that the floating dry dock is a Dutch invention, and that many floating docks of this type are built on Dutch ways and towed to their destination. Dry-dock towing is a specialty, and many foreign-built docks are towed to their destination by Dutch tugs.—Scientific American.

The Centre Reporter $1.50 a year.

Christmas Suggestions
at NIEMAN'S DEPARTMENT STORE

THE HOLIDAY SHOPPING SEASON IS IN ITS HEIGHT. THE store is brimful of gift articles. Everywhere there is a happy murmur of voices and display. The full and complete stock of regular goods and the thousand of gift articles are assembled for the benefit of the people. We have marked all our goods at special low prices that will suit everybodys pocket book. You will surely find anything you are looking for at Nieman's Store. We will gladly help you to select.

Selections of GIFTS is Easy Here

Here everybody will be provided for.
There are thousands of things for the LITTLE FOLKS.
Plenty that would be suitable to give to the OLD FOLKS.
Unusual gitfs for the SWEETHEARTS.

GIFT SUGGESTIONS

FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS

Auto Gloves
Auto Caps
Bedroom Slippers
Bathrobes
Coats for everyone
Children's Dresses
Dressing Sacques
Dresses
Furs
Gloves
Girls Tams
Hand Bags
Handkerchiefs
Kimonas
Mufflers
Ladies' Fine Silk Sweaters
Mackinaws
Middies
Night Robes
Rain Coats
Sweater Coats
Silk Hosiery
Silk Petticoats
Shoes for the family
Silk Waists
Slippers
Skating Sets
Umbrellas

FOR MEN AND BOYS

Arm Bands
Auto Caps
Auto Gloves
Bath Robes
Belts
Clothing for the family
Collars
Cuff Links
Caps
Dress Shirts
Footwear
Gloves
Hats
Hosiery
Hose Supporters
Handkerchiefs
Mufflers
Mackinaws
Neckwear
Overcoats
Overgaiters
Pajamas
Rain Coats
Shirts
Shoes
Slippers
Suit Cases
Suits of Clothes
Smoking Jackets
Suspenders
Sweaters

WE WISH YOU ALL A MERRY CHRISTMAS

D. J. NIEMAN, MILLHEIM, PA.

ELECTRIC LIGHT FOR CENTRE HALL.

Juice Turned Into the Borough on Saturday Afternoon, But Few Places Ready to Receive Light.—Geary's Barber Shop Enjoys First Light.

Put down Saturday, December 18th, 1915, as one of the most memorable days in the history of Centre Hall, for it was on this day, at four o'clock in the afternoon to be exact, that the first electric fluid for the furnishing of light and power, entered the borough. There was no notice given by the State-Centre Electric Company of their turning on the juice and the discovery of its presence was purely accidental. William C. Boozer was in the basement of the Reformed church where is located the switch that throws on the power for running the motor connected with the new pipe organ. While it was known that the current would be sent over the wires sometime that day, the exact time was not known, and when at four o'clock there was a flash of sparks when the switch made its contact, resulting in a humming of the motor, electricty for the convenience and utility of the residents of Centre Hall was no longer a fond dream but a reality.

The first use to which the juice was put was in providing power for operating the pipe organ at the service in the Reformed church on Sunday evening. The first light in town was turned on in the tonsorial parlor of F. P. Geary on Monday night, when five 100-watt lights shed forth a brilliant white light.

The work of wiring private residences is going on at present and will continue for some time. The size of lights for use on the streets and the placing of the same has not yet been fully determined by the borough council but the matter will be taken up at an early meeting.

LOCALS

Roy Tressler shipped his household goods to Altoona last week.

Register J. Frank Smith transacted business in town on Wednesday.

The tonsorial parlor of F. P. Geary will close at five o'clock p. m. on Christmas day. adv.

F. A. McClintic of Linden Hall favored this office with his presence on Wednesday morning.

Mrs. C. D. Bartholomew and daughter Margaret spent a few days in Altoona beginning of this week.

Many Potter township farmers are attending the sessions of the State Grange, at State College, this week.

Rev. D. S. Kurtz on Wednesday night closed a two weeks' protracted service in the Union church at Farmers Mills.

A Christmas entertainment by the pupils of the Potters Mills school will be held on Thursday evening in the Grammar grade room.

D. W. Bradford, the DeLaval cream separator man, has a display at State College, this week, during the meetings of the State Grange.

Don't write it Xmas. There is only one correct form and that is Christmas. Besides, how much more beautiful the latter looks and sounds.

Dr. G. W. Hosterman will spend the Christmas season in Lancaster with his sons and their families. He left for that place Wednesday morning.

Robert Meyer, a guard at the new penitentiary at Rock View, spent a few days this week at the home of his parents, Prof. and Mrs. P. H. Meyer.

Lawrence Runkle, the carpenter, will soon begin the excavation for a dwelling house on the lot which he purchased from John Coldron, last week.

Tuesday morning mercury stood at 14 degrees above zero in the government thermometer in charge of the Reporter. It was the coldest morning of the season.

Mrs. W. P. Mingle left for Philadelphia on Tuesday morning where she will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. J. Emory Hoy, and also with her son, W. Gross Mingle, and family.

A telegram announcing the death of George H. Krise, in Chicago, was received by Mr. Krise's sister, Mrs. W. S. Slick, on Wednesday morning. Prof. and Mrs. W. A. Krise, parents of the deceased, are at the present time visiting at the home of the deceased.

Marriage Licenses.

Malcolm Peters, Bellefonte
Maud Miller, Bellefonte

Clarence E. Watson, Runville
Agnes Hoover, Osceola Mills

Guy B. Rossman, Penns. Furnace
Minnie Sahnders, Stormstown

Adam F. Martz, Tusseyville
Ada J. Meise, Colyer

Entertainment in Grange Arcadia.

To-night (Thursday) an entertainment will be given in Grange Arcadia by the literary society of the high and grammar schools, and will consist of songs, short plays and recitations. No admission will be charged but a liberal offering is asked, the proceeds to be used for the benefit of the schools.

Inch and One Half of Rain.

A welcome rain fell on Friday and Friday night which totaled over an inch and a half. To the farmers whose cisterns and wells had played out the rainfall came most opportunely.

MANY FARMERS ATTENDING STATE GRANGE THIS WEEK

State Master McSparren Speaks of The Vital Problems Confronting the Farmer. —Opposes "Preparedness Policy" Vigorously.

Patrons of Husbandry and their families from all parts of Pennsylvania gathered at State College on Tuesday for the opening of the forty-third annual session of the Pennsylvania State Grange. More than 1800 delegates are registered from the 835 subordinate granges. They will be the guests of the Pennsylvania State College for the next three days. It has been five years since the college entertained the grangers.

John A. McSparran, Worthy State Master, in his annual report which he read to the convention assembled in the Schwab auditorium Tuesday morning, said that the problems that demand most careful consideration from the Grangers today are not those that have to do with the culture of the soil, important as they are, but rather to relieve the food markets of the country from the parasitic drain of unnecessary middlemen and exorbitant distribution charges. He offered no immediate solution of these conditions, leaving their consideration to the committees that he appointed later.

The Grangers are happy that this is an off-year for the State legislature. Mr. Sparran said in his report that the memory of last winter's legislative session with its disappointing results was still fresh enough to arouse all the thrills needed by the farmers. Pointing to the legislation asked by the grangers, which they didn't get, the State Master said:

"We asked for more equal taxation and got the expenses of the primaries put back on the counties, and the bonus for dirt roads denied entirely.

"We asked relief from Bigalowism. The man was removed but the system remains. Building roads from a central bureau is about as economical as settling international disputes at 20-mile range. And so another bunch of millions has been dumped into the foul fallacy of bureaucratic government.

"We asked for a road system and formulated one after the school system, and the Governor asked us to leave the Highway Department alone, that he wanted to try it for a couple of years himself. The Senate laughed at it, and the House defeated it.

"We asked that the State pay the debt it owed the townships by statute law, and received a million and a half on account, with the notice that we should not ask for more.

"We asked for an opportunity to vote on legalizing rum and got the biggest bluff that has ever been perpetrated upon the earnest and honest people of a sovereign State.

"We asked for larger appropriations for public schools and for the State College, and dollars by the hundred thousands poured into the coffers of institutions for which the State has no statutory responsibility.]

"We got a good dog law, for which we are thankful, but yet we are glad the legislators don't meet again this year."

State Master McSparran is opposed to national preparedness, favoring instead an international police force to maintain peace. He said he agreed with the National Grange on that point. Discussing the question of preparedness, Mr. McSparran said:

"It looks to me as though this noise about preparedness for defense was more of a blind than any real promulgation of a policy. It savors of an excuse for a do-nothing congress in regard to the great constructive questions such as Rural Credits, and Economic Distribution of Commodities on the one hand, and on the other as an excuse for the collection of larger amounts of taxes from the people of this country.

"We not only do not want to continue to spend over half the entire revenues of this government for war, past, present and future, but I believe the time has come when some nation should have the courage to say: 'We will not submit our international difficulties to such an unfair and inhuman tribunal.'"

Among those whom State Master McSparren appointed on the various committees were Hon. L. Rhone, on legislation and on memorial; Prof. C. R. Neff, on resolutions; and Miss Florence Rhone on the peace committee.

Millheim.

John P. Condo was a visitor in town last Saturday.

Hermon Confer, who is employed in Milton, is visiting at the home of his parents.

Randall Miller has quit Penn State and has accepted a position with the Farmers National Bank.

Mrs. Herbert Smith, who more than a year ago had a nervous breakdown, had several spells the past week.

Mrs. Perry McKinney of Potters Mills visited relatives and friends in Millheim the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. James C. Smith of State College ate their annual butcher dinner in Millheim last Thursday with their son, Robert Smith.

Sweet memories of the past, joyous greetings for the glorious day at hand, and fondest hopes for future happiness —our Christmas wish.

The Evangelist Paul Brown, who is campaigning at Sayre, will receive a turkey for his Christmas dinner from some of his Millheim friends.

Christmas entertainments of the different churches—Evangelical, Friday evening; Lutheran, Sunday evening; Reformed, Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Geary, who visited their daughter, Mrs. N. A. Auman, the past two weeks, left for their home in Newport, Monday.

The Farmers Institute in progress here last week was a great success. A big crowd was in attendance at each session, the speakers were of the highest class along their respective lines, the honor going to Mr. Barnity, of near Harrisburg, for fun making. He had the house laughing from the time he took the floor till he left, even then they laughed. The Pennsylvania Farmer (a weekly journal) offered a prize for the best exhibit of corn; the first went to L. W. Stover, of Aaronsburg, and the second to P. F. Confer, of Millheim.

Spring Mills.

John Smeltzer of Ohio is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Meyer, Mrs. John Rishel's father, fell and injured his arm.

Mrs. R. D. Musser has been quite ill but is improving at this writing.

William Allison and son Frank spent Tuesday in Bellefonte.

There are a number of sick people in this community and our doctor is kept very busy.

Benjamin Lohr of Union county is spending some time at the A. J. Shook home.

Edwin Winters and family of State College are spending their Christmas vacation at their home on Long Ave.

Mrs. T. M. Gramley, who fell from the porch roof and injured her ankle, about two months ago, is able to be out again.

Daniel Kennelly, Jr., and wife of Shamokin spent a few days with James Kennelly and helped to butcher on Friday.

Dr. H. S. Brancht took one of Oliver Zettle's little boys to the Bellefonte hospital, on Monday. The lad suffered from a broken limb.

Mrs. George Crawford of Jackson Centre, who had been visiting her sisters, Mrs. C. A. Krape and Mrs. Joseph Bitner, returned to her home on Tuesday.

The lecture on Saturday evening by Orrin Clifford Lester in the Grange hall, was a treat to all who heard it. The next number on the course will be an entertainment by the Hinton-Veidi Co., January 13th, 1916. The Grangers have gone to a great deal of trouble and expense to secure these various numbers and they should be patronized by all who can possibly do so.

COBURN

Mr. and Mrs. Clem Lair are spending Christmas at Albany, New York.

Allen Auman made a business trip to Altoona one day last week.

Don't forget the cantatta to be given by the Reformed Sunday school on Christmas eve.

Mrs. Boyd Stover is spending the holidays with her parents at Benton, Columbia county.

The hucksters are busy gathering turkeys for Christmas. Some are paying 22 and others 23 cents a pound.

Mrs. Frank Bible from Centre Hall spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nicodemus Lose, at this place.

Rev. Brown is holding revival meeting in Evangelical church; he was assisted by Rev. Guthrie for the past week.

CYRUS BRUNGART
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1yr, pd

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.
NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

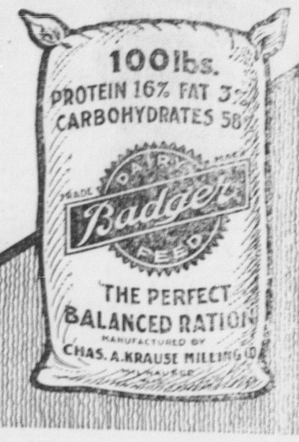
Brings results—a Reporter adv.

MORE Milk and RICHER Milk

The use of BADGER Dairy Feed will increase the quantity of milk your cows produce and improve its quality. This highly concentrated, easily digestible dairy ration supplies just what is needed to increase milk flow and make butter fat. Its cost is low enough to make its feeding profitable. It keeps your cows in prime physical condition.

Badger DAIRY FEED

Follow the lead of successful dairymen all over the country and give BADGER Feed a Trial—you'll get quick results. BADGER Dairy Feed is easy to handle and always uniform in quality. The cows like it. It gives you bigger returns per dollar spent than any other feed. Come in and get our interesting prices on this great dairy ration.



S. E. WEBER
Boalsburg, Pa.

The BEST GRADES of COAL
Hard, Soft, Cannel and Screened Lump Coal
Bran, Mill Feeds, Blatchford's Calf & Pig Meal

Before You Decide on the Kind of Manure Spreader to buy, don't fail to first see the

NEW IDEA Manure Spreader

which has distinctive features and will do its work well.
In the market for HAY and STRAW.
A FULL LINE OF FARM IMPLEMENTS.

S. E. WEBER, BOALSBURG, PA.

OUR SPECIAL
Reduction Sale!
CONTINUED FOR 30 DAYS

During which time great reduction prices will prevail on all goods, as advertised. Strictly the PEOPLE'S SALE —for their benefit, if they will profit by it.

Anyone, if at all interested, will not miss this opportunity of the REAL VALUES we are offering for 30 DAYS ONLY.

Finest Pianos and Player Pianos

Stringed Instruments and Musical Merchandise; also the

Celebrated Auto-Player Pianos

as a Specialty. They are indorsed by the U. S. Government and used exclusively in its public buildings as well as on all sea-going ships. They are also being used in all the State public buildings during the present Panama Exposition at California, and have drawn First Premiums there.

VIOLINS & VIOLIN OUTFITS

We are offering at Sacrifice Prices Violins at $1.50 AND UPWARDS. Greatest Values Ever in MANDOLINS and GUITARS, also Violin Bows, Harmonicas and all Accessories.

SHEET MUSIC, as Low as 5c

300 Sheets of the latest popular Sheet Music and Music Folios at 5c per copy, and upwards.

Every visitor to our store will receive ONE COPY of Sheet Music FREE. Good selection.

200 PLAYER PIANO ROLLS

will be sold at One-Half their usual price. They will not last long.

M. C. GEPHART

19 N. Allegheny St. BELLEFONTE

Only Three More Days Left for Christmas Shopping

WE have the greatest assortment ever at greatly reduced prices. For the holiday trade we have lowered our prices almost HALF in order to make the dollar go farther and to make shopping easier.

To anyone, whether you are interested or not, the great savings to be had in this store make it a paying proposition for you to look over our great bargains.

We wish to see all of our friends, old and new, take advantage of this opportunity to fill their wants for the rapidly approaching cold weather of the new year of 1916.

Our bargains are especially desirable in--

LADIES' Plush Coats, Suits, Furs and Dresses, also in MEN'S Suits, Overcoats and Shoes

A MERRY CHRISTMAS AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

KESSLER'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
MILLHEIM - - - - - PA.

PRESIDENT AND MRS. GALT WED

Simplicity and Good Taste Mark Ceremony at Home of Bride.

ONLY RELATIVES ARE PRESENT

No Fuss and Feathers at the Wilson Wedding—Bride Is Attended by Sister—Spend Honeymoon in the South.

Washington, Dec. 18.—Official and social circles here never saw a more quiet wedding than the nuptials of President Wilson and Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt, this evening, in the unpretentious Galt home at 1308 Twentieth street.

Only members of the immediate families witnessed the ceremony. William G. McAdoo was the only cabinet officer present, and he was there as the husband of the president's youngest daughter. Even with the limited number of guests, the house was packed, for both bride and bridegroom have many close relatives.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Bertha Bolling of this city. She was attired in a traveling costume and carried a magnificent bouquet of orchids. As a selected orchestra from the Marine band played the wedding march she met the president in the hallway outside the parlors and together they went slowly down to the great altar of flowers erected at the east end of the rooms. The wedding ring used was a plain gold circlet marked with the initials of the bride and bridegroom.

Keep Hour a Secret.

In order to avoid the crowds of curious folk in Washington the hour of the wedding was kept secret until late in the day. The plan worked with fair success and the police had no trouble in handling the few hundred men, women and children who pressed eagerly in the streets near the Galt home.

As soon as the ceremony was over and the bride had been saluted by those present in the accustomed fashion, while the smiling groom received congratulations, the newly-weds sped away in a big White House automobile to the Union station and took a train to the South for their honeymoon. If they told anybody their destination that person kept his secret well. It is reported from family circles, however, that the couple will be away until the first week in January.

They must be back in Washington by January 7, though, because on that date the president and Mrs. Wilson will act as host and hostess at a great reception to be given in the White House for the Pan-American representatives at the national capital. Moreover, congress will have reconvened, after the holiday season, and Mr. Wilson will have to be back at his desk.

Only Relatives Are Present

Among those present at the ceremony were: Miss Margaret Wilson, the president's eldest daughter; Mrs. Francis Bowes Sayre of Williamstown, Mass., the president's second daughter; Mrs. William G. McAdoo, the president's youngest child; Mrs. Anne Howe of Philadelphia, the president's sister; Joseph R. Wilson of Baltimore, the president's brother, and Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, the president's cousin.

The bride, who before her marriage to Norman Galt was Miss Edith Bolling of Virginia, was well represented with kinsmen and kinswomen. She and her mother, Mrs. William H. Bolling, have lived together for several years, and Mrs. Bolling, of course, was the dowager queen of the occasion. The bride's sisters, Miss Bertha Bolling of Washington and Mrs. H. H. Maury of Anniston, Ala., and her brothers, John Randolph Bolling, Richard W. Bolling, Julian B. Bolling, all of Washington; R. E. Bolling of Panama and Dr. W. A. Bolling of Louisville, Ky., attended the ceremony.

It will be remembered that Miss Margaret Wilson and Miss Helen Woodrow Bones really brought about the romance of the president and his bride. During the first Mrs. Wilson's last illness Miss Bones was almost constantly at her side. The vigil was tedious and wearing, and after Mrs. Wilson's death Miss Bones was in such frail health herself that Dr. Carey Grayson, family friend and White House physician, was much worried. He urged Miss Bones to take long walks—and Miss Bones did so, accompanied by her widow friend, Mrs. Norman Galt, who also enjoyed journeys afoot.

Friendship Ripens Into Love.

By and by, Miss Bones introduced Miss Wilson and Mrs. Galt, and the friendship of these two soon became intimate. In the natural course of events Mrs. Galt took luncheon now and then with her chums in the White House—and it wasn't long before the president was enjoying Mrs. Galt's charm.

Mr. Wilson is the sixth president of the United States to marry a widow. Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Fillmore and Benjamin Harrison were his predecessors in this sort of a union, but in not more than one or two cases was the widow the second wife—as in this case. John Tyler and Theodore Roosevelt married twice, but their second wives had not been wedded before.

It is scarcely necessary to recall George Washington's marriage. The world knows of his courtship, engagement and espousal. His love was the "Widow Custis." Thomas Jefferson, at the home of a friend, John Wayles, met Martha Skelton, Wayles' widowed daughter. She was a beautiful woman, much sought after, but Jefferson finally won her heart.

Perhaps Dolly Madison, wife of President James Madison, is best known generally to Americans of all generations next to Martha Washington.

John Tyler's Romance.

John Tyler was twice married, the second time while he was president. His first wife was Letitia Christian, who belonged to one of the old families of Virginia. Mrs. Tyler bore the president nine children. Just before her husband was elected vice president of the United States she suffered a stroke of paralysis and a short time after he succeeded William Henry Harrison as president she died—in the White House.

The second winter after her death the president met Julia, the daughter of a Mr. Gardiner, who lived on one of the islands in Long Island sound. The president fell desperately in love—he wooed as a youth of twenty would woo, impetuously and romantically. It wasn't a great while before they were engaged and a short time later they were married quietly at the Church of the Ascension in New York city.

Grover Cleveland did not marry until fairly late in life. Then he fell in love with Frances Folsom, the daughter of his law partner. She was a girl whom he had known from early childhood—there was a time when she called him "Uncle Cleve." Mr. Cleveland and Miss Folsom were wedded in the famous Blue room at the White House.

President and Mrs. Wilson.

Shrine Saved From Destruction.

In 1871, during the commune, Notre Dame cathedral, famed the world over, was menaced with grave dangers owing to the fury of the communists, who, having effected an entrance, collected all the available chairs and other combustible material and, piling it in a huge bonfire, drenched with oil, in the center of the choir, attempted to destroy the cathedral by fire. The evil designs of the incendiaries were, however, happily frustrated by the arrival of the National guard.

Where He Belongs.

"Robert, our son has been arrested for going forty miles an hour and wants us to bail him out!"

"Huh! if he can't go any faster than that let the piker stay in jail!"—Judge

Prisons De Luxe.

"Now, my man, would you rather go to our state penitentiary or to the county jail?"

"I dunno, yer honor. I'm a stranger in these parts. What's the course of study at yer penitentiary?"

THE GERMANS TO STRIKE AT EGYPT

Rushing a Railroad Line From Damascus.

300,000 TURKS NOW READY

Tribesmen To Attack Egypt From the West and Abyssinians Are Being Influenced To Begin a War-like March Into Sudan.

Rome.—The Turko-German threat against Egypt is becoming more grave daily, in the belief of military men.

The construction of a railway line from Damascus to the Egyptian frontier has been pushed with extraordinary speed, it is stated, and it is expected that it will be finished by February 1, there being only 50 miles more of track to lay before the Sinai Peninsula is reached. The railway, which has double tracks, is considered by military men to permit of a concentration of a half million men in one month, together with the necessary supplies and ammunition, at the Egyptian frontier.

About 300,000 Ottoman troops, commanded and drilled by German officers, already have been concentrated between Alessandretta, Aleppa and Homs, it is stated. Army engineers are laying miles of tubes for carrying drinking water across the desert and also are providing material for the construction of bridges with which to cross the Suez Canal.

Turko-German emissaries are said to be urging the Senousi to attack Egypt from the west, while an attempt also is being made to induce the Abyssinians to march into Sudan.

SHARP NOTE TO FRANCE.

Immediate Release Of Germans Taken From American Ships Is Demanded.

Washington.—The United States Government cabled Ambassador Sharp at Paris for presentation to the French Foreign Office a note vigorously protesting against the removal by the French cruiser Descartes of six Germans and Austrians from the American steamships Carolina, Coamo and San Juan. Immediate release of the men is asked on the ground that the seizure of citizens of any nation from an American vessel on the high seas is without legal justification and constitutes a flagrant violation of American rights.

FOR CHAMBER OF AGRICULTURE.

Southern Commercial Congress Also Urges Rural Credits.

Charleston, S. C.—Delegates to the Southern Commercial Congress approved establishment of a semi-official national chamber of agriculture, similar to the German Landschaft, and urged a national system of rural credits. In a discussion of possibilities of foreign trade addresses were made by Assistant Postmaster-General Daniel C. Roper, Assistant Secretary of Commerce Edwin F. Sweet and Senator Fletcher.

CHURCHILL HAS CLOSE CALL.

German Shell Hits Former Chancellor's Dugout.

London.—Winston Spencer Churchill, who resigned his portfolio of Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster to join his regiment at the front, had a narrow escape a few days ago, according to wounded men who have arrived at home. These men say that Mr. Churchill's dugout was hit by a German shell.

VOTES TO EXTEND WAR TAX.

Senate Expected To Follow Action Of House Shortly.

Washington.—The House, by a vote of 205 to 189, passed the joint resolution extending the emergency revenue tax until December 31, 1916. The Senate is expected to take like action in a day or two. The law, Administration leaders estimate, will bring revenue into the treasury at the rate of $82,000,000 a year.

WILSON ON MICHIGAN BALLOT.

Enough Petitions Presented To Make Action Certain.

Lansing, Mich.—President Wilson's name will be placed on the Michigan Presidential primary ballot as Democratic candidate for President. The Secretary of State announced that enough petitions had been filed to make certain such action.

TO MAKE 10,000 AERO GUNS.

Driggs-Seabury Company Also Gets Other Big War Orders.

Sharon, Pa.—The Driggs-Seabury Ordnance Company has closed a contract with the British Government for 10,000 aeroplane guns. Another contract has been closed for 500 cannon and a large number of six-inch high explosive shells.

THEIR FIRST AMERICAN CHRISTMAS

NEW YORK IMMIGRANT STATION

AN IMMIGRANT TYPE

IF FIRST IMPRESSIONS ARE MOST LASTING, FOREIGNERS WHO ARRIVE IN AMERICA DURING THE JOYOUS CHRISTMAS SEASON WILL ALWAYS HAVE FOND MEMORIES OF OUR BIG HOSPITALITY

THE FIRST Christmas away from home is usually filled with sadness and a powerful sense of homesickness. That is the reason why so much attention is paid to making the newly arrived foreigners cheerful at this season of the year. One can easily imagine how barren a Yuletide without the incidentals and frivolities of the season would be to these poor folk, who are not only separated from their homes, but are in a new country, among new faces and strange surroundings. Naturally, they would miss the merrymaking of the old country and the greetings of their lifelong friends, says the Philadelphia North American.

PRESENTS TO IMMIGRANT CHILDREN

But, as it is, these thoughts fit across the mind and are lost. So much attention is paid to making light the hearts of the new arrivals that there is no time for retrospection or sad memories. Should a ship arrive on Christmas eve, the day before or even on Christmas itself, immediately there begins a round of festivities. The happy times are not of one day's duration, but last clear until New Year's day. In the first place, a tree is usually erected at the docks, and here the regular ship visitors, with many of the city's social workers, and the new arrivals in finding their friends and distributing toys and candies to the children.

If one wants to see life in its various phases and the real Christmas spirit exemplified, this is the place to go, for here many happy holiday reunions take place—the greetings between husbands and wives, fathers and children, grown-up children and their aged parents, brothers and sisters and sweethearts. Each case has its own story and each holds its own interest.

There is no false modesty here, and the knowledge that other eyes are gazing on their greetings never mars the warmth and affection displayed in the tight embraces. Here, too, the customs of every country are brought into notice. Some kiss on one cheek and then on the other, while others prefer the more familiar method. Some men kiss one another as fervently as they do the women, while others merely clasp the hands of their relatives.

These scenes, it is true, take place at all times of the year, but the coming of Christmas seems to bring more joy into the meetings. There is a double reason for rejoicing, as the families are not only reunited, but are spending the holidays together once more.

In some cases the rejoicing is tripleold, for many of the Christmas lasses come here at special pleadings and before the Yuletide sun has set will have become brides.

This year there will not be as many Christmas brides, for the girls living in the war-ridden countries will be needed at home to till the soil while their fathers and brothers are off to the front. Besides, the ships of the American lines are the only vessels reaching this port. This means that there will be a marked falling off in every type of foreigner, except those who are able to reach the English ports.

The cases of those who do come from the war-stricken countries are even more pathetic than usual. They have perhaps lost their homes in the ravages of the war and invested their last savings in purchasing their passages, or they have lost relatives near and dear in the conflict and have come here to forget their loss and sufferings.

It is here that the biggest celebration is held, and here that the sympathy extended by the charitable workers is manifested. The others have been reunited to their friends and are assured of happy holidays, but these poor folk are forced to spend the season isolated in the detention house. Without the cheer, their lives would indeed be miserable on this day of all days, for they are not permitted to leave the building, the windows of which are barred and wherein their only companions are their fellow immigrants, many of whom speak different tongues.

But the gloom is dispelled, and instead happiness reigns supreme throughout the festival time. There are two big days—Christmas itself, when a chicken dinner is served and fruit and candies distributed to the foreigners; then, on the following afternoon, a real Yuletide party is held, in which representatives of almost every nationality under the sun usually take part. Last year 300 men, women and children from scores of countries were the guests of honor. This year the numbers will not be nearly as large, and it is a question if there will be more than a score or two of immigrants.

All of which means that the festivities and jollification will be on a larger scale, for with fewer mouths to feed and fewer presents to buy it only stands to reason that those in charge can be more liberal. The entertainment usually starts early in the afternoon. The gong is sounded, and the immigrants, escorted by the matrons and attendants, are brought to the dining room, where they take their regular places at the tables.

When they are all assembled the fun begins. Notwithstanding the difficulty of entertaining those of various nationalities, the performance is always a success, for the headliner is a sleight-of-hand artist. This is one thing that interests all at the one time, for speech is unnecessary. All kinds of things disappear, to the amazement and amusement of the onlookers. Newspapers and rags are transformed into toys and candies for the children, empty cups are filled with coffee in the twinkling of an eye and ice cream appears on an empty saucer just as quickly—that is, after a cloth has been placed over the saucer and the mystic words pronounced. To the foreigners the magician is a novelty; they never tire of his tricks and stunts and greet the close of his performance with much applause. The encore brings the best part of the program, for that has been carefully saved until the last. A cloth is stuffed into a high hat, and when it is withdrawn, flags of every nation appear.

Clowns and pantomime artists perform stunts for the children, and these are received with much delight. Then Italian and Polish singers, as well as those of other nationalities, render national airs and anthems. The immigrants often oblige by singing the various songs of their fatherlands. The program is generally arranged so that all will be pleased. It is true that all cannot join in the one chorus, but those of the different nationalities join their representative singers in the refrains of their favorite Christmas hymns. Interpreters are always on hand to give any necessary explanations.

After the concert refreshments are served and gifts and candy distributed among the grown-ups. Handkerchiefs and various other useful presents are given to the women and cigars to the men.

Then comes the real treat. The children are gathered around the tree and the gift-filled stockings and the Noah's Arks and other attractive candy boxes are taken from the branches and distributed among the little ones. It is pleasing to watch the joy on the faces of these children as they receive their gifts, and all of them join together in examining their stockings and in having a good time in general.

This scene around the Christmas tree would be hard to equal, for here are to be found Italian, Polish, Hungarian, German, Russian, English, Scotch and, in fact, the little ones from every part of Europe. Last year there was an interesting group of three Hindu children, who were the pets of the station.

If the weather is not too severe the children are usually permitted to play on the roof garden at the close of the festivities, and there the toys are distributed by the young aids, who assist the workers. The children have plenty of room to indulge in the games and they have the time of their lives.

What is probably the most interesting feature of the Yuletide parties is the fact that the representatives of every denomination unite with the matrons and nurses in lightening the hearts and making merry the immigrants. A real holiday spirit is displayed, for there is no distinction of any kind, either of race, creed or nationality. Jews and Gentiles join in aiding those from every country, and in last year's contingent there were even three stowaways, who had been taken from a ship on Christmas eve.

SAYS ACTION IS NOT INSTANT

Gravitation, as Electrical Phenomenon, Explained by Scientist of Worldwide Fame.

Gravitation is an electrical phenomenon and does not act instantly across space, but is transmitted with the velocity of light, thus coming from the sun to the earth in eight minutes.

So says Prof. Thomas Jefferson Jackson See, famous astronomer, in his 600-word memoir entitled: "Electro-dynamic Theory of Magnetism and of Universal Gravitation: Discovery of the Cause of Gravitation, With Proof That This Fundamental Force of Nature Is Propagated With the Velocity of Light." He claims to have discovered the secret of gravitation and has put the information in the hands of the Royal society of London. Professor See is an astronomer of note. He is a graduate of the University of Missouri and has received the degree of Ph. D. from the University of Berlin, for which institution he was later an observer. He is now a naval observer for the United States government and is stationed at the Mare Island navy yard.

Professor See holds that gravitation is due to elementary currents of electricity circulating around atoms of matter. Ampere, the celebrated French scientist, discovered in 1820 that two parallel currents of electricity floating in opposite directions repel. Following the lines first taken by Ampere, Professor See has worked out his theory of gravitation.

KEYSTONE STATE IN SHORT ORDER

Latest News Happenings Gathered From Here and There.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

The State Board of Pardons announced that it had refused to grant a rehearing on the applications for commutation of the death sentences of Roland S. Pennington and George H. March, who are to be electrocuted in the week of December 27 for a murder committed in Delaware county, and had refused the pleas for clemency for Gasper Marturana and Thomas Chickerella, Cambria, whose counsel claimed that they had not committed murder, but that men who had fled the country were to blame.

Stockholders of the Driggs-Seabury Ordnance Company, Sharon, voted to increase the common stock from $2,600,000 to $10,000,000. Of this amount, $6,500,000 will be used to provide for the recent purchase of the Savage Arms Company, at Utica, N. Y., while a considerable amount will be used in making improvements at the Sharon plant.

The Borough of Camp Hill has entered a plea of "not guilty" in a $10,000 damage suit brought by H. W. Johnson, a Harrisburg contractor. Johnson was arrested for digging up the streets without a permit when residents and the Riverton Consolidated Water Company were engaged in a controversy over rates. He charges fake arrest.

Charles E. Armbruster, superintendent of construction for the Western Union Telegraph & Cable Company, is stringing a new telegraph line between Easton and Buffalo, having finished the line already as far as Fairview. Increased business warranted the new line.

Louis F. Miller, sixty years old, for thirty-five years a Central Railroad of New Jersey engineer, fell dead as he was about to begin work in the South Bethlehem roundhouse. John Resel, fifty-seven, of Northampton Heights, fell dead just as he reached home from the Bethlehem Steel Company.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Reading Y. M. C. A., the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. James Baker; vice-president, Mrs. J. G. Willits; secretary, Miss Catharine L. Young; treasurer, Mrs. Minnie Rummel; financial secretary, Miss Mabel Helfelfinger.

An attendance which far exceeds previous figures for enrollment at the Pennsylvania State College is shown from the official registration. There are 2,302 students in the college roster, exclusive of the summer session. Including the summer students, Penn State's total enrollment is over 3,300.

To further encourage the formation of athletic associations among their employes, Pennsylvania Railroad officials today granted the use of the second floor of erecting shop No. 2, located in the midst of shop buildings where 5,000 men are employed, for a gymnasium.

The evangelistic campaign, conducted for six weeks, by Rev. Dr. George Wood Anderson, Scranton, evangelist, closed at Easton with a jubilee meeting. There were 4,705 conversions. The collection taken for Dr. Anderson totaled over $4,800. The tabernacle expenses were $12,800.

At a meeting of the Bucks County Holstein Fresian Association, in Plumsteadville, it was decided to secure dairymen with 600 cows to form a society known as the Bucks County Cow Testing Association, to hold their first meeting at Doylestown, January 15.

The Barrett Township Supervisors, Rufus Snow, William Brush, and William H. Brower, were found by a Monroe county jury criminally negligent in failing to maintain the Goose Pond Road in a fair passable condition. This is the first conviction of its character in the history of the county.

Mrs. Polly Dietrich, of near Kutztown, mother of Clerk of the Quarter Sessions Lawson G. Dietrich, had her arm so badly mangled in a corn husking machine that it had to be amputated. Her dress caught in the cogs.

Judge Brumm appointed Mrs. Isabella Gibbons, of Tumbling Run, custodian of the ballot box in that district. When not in use, the box will remain at Mrs. Gibbons' home.

James Cox, sixty-nine years old, and George McPeake, forty years old, were killed at West Conshohocken by a Reading Railway flyer. It is said that the men crawled under the safety gates and were struck by the express train and hurled seventy-five feet up the track.

The will of Mrs. Ellen C. Hughes, of Washington Township, Lehigh county, gives her farm to her husband for life, with the proviso that if he remarry, it be sold and the proceeds divided among their three daughters.

GOVERNOR FAVORS N. G. P. AS DEFENSE

Brumbaugh Urges Development Of Guard Instead Of Creating Continental Army.

Harrisburg.—Governor Brumbaugh issued a statement declaring in favor of development of the National Guard as a means of national defense, instead of the creation of a continental army, as proposed by Secretary of War Garrison. He strongly favors the extension of the Guard, already "endeared to the people of the several States," instead of what he calls "a new and untried venture of doubtful wisdom," which he holds would not appeal to the general citizenship. The Governor says:

"Pennsylvania is not in sympathy with the proposed continental army as part of the plan of preparedness for national defense.

Harmful To Guard.

"To erect such a national agency would place the present National Guard in a most unfortunate position and would be harmful to its interest and its growth, while what appears to be an impractical scheme was being experimented with.

"The Guard has a long and honorable record, and its personnel is made up of real patriots who, through years of public indifference and at personal sacrifices, have steadily kept an available secondary defense in shape for the nation's need. Instead of minimizing the patriotism and the work of these loyal citizens, they should be given increased national recognition.

"Both economy and efficiency will be attained if this aid is given and the national government turns seriously and actively to the task of making the National Guard the basis of a substantial and effective military force.

States' Part In Security.

"In the last analysis, the States are factors of moment in any policy or plan of national security, and it is unfair and unwise to ignore or treat slightingly their activities in maintaining an emergency force of fairly trained and efficient men willing for any service the nation may require.

"In Pennsylvania we have a National Guard composed of officers and men of high capacity and in administrative efficiency and personnel the equal of any in the country.

"These patriotic citizens should receive the full recognition and encouragement they deserve.

Gladly Give $900,000 Yearly.

"Our people annually and gladly devote from the State's revenue above $900,000 for this cause. We have at the expense of the State and municipalities erected armories worth fully two and three-quarter million dollars, and this expenditure the work and the efficiency of the Guard have amply justified.

"Instead of a new and untried venture of doubtful wisdom, and lacking in appealing or inviting features to the general citizenship, why not aid in extending the usefulness of an agency already endeared to the people of the several States?

"Make the Guard as large as the experts wish, but do not discourage those who have labored so earnestly and willingly to advance its efficiency and value. Do not allow the hysteria of novelty to carry us headlong into a situation that in the end we shall assuredly regret. Rather, let us hold fast to that which is good and the permanency of which is established."

New State Society.

Monthly roundtable luncheons at which Governor Brumbaugh will preside and the administration of departments of the State Government be discussed will be inaugurated by the new Pennsylvania Society, about to be formed by the heads of departments and members of commissions on Capitol Hill.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus W. Woods, the temporary chairman, appointed the following committee to draft by-laws:

John S. Billing, Public Service Commissioner, chairman.

General Thomas J. Stewart, adjutant general.

Thomas Lynch Montgomery, State librarian.

Robert J. Cunningham, Highway Commissioner.

Robert K. Young, State treasurer.

Judges Get Commissions.

Commissions for all of the Judges elected at the November election were mailed from the Department of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, having been signed by Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh. The commissions are hand engrossed on parchment with Indian ink, the work having been done by Wilmer Johnson, of the commission clerk's bureau. The three Superior Court Judges-elect receive their commissions personally, but the commissions for the other Judges are sent to the recorders of their counties. There were commissions issued for twenty-eight Common Pleas Judges.

First Compensation Policy.

The first compensation insurance policy of the State workmen's insurance fund has been issued to State Treasurer Robert K. Young, chairman of the State Workmen's Insurance Board. This policy is number one and covers the compensation liability of the Wellsboro Electric Company, Wellsboro, Pa., of which Mr. Young is president. It was chosen as the initial policy from the several thousand applications for compensation insurance on file. The premium payments aggregated $124.50.

BUTTER-MAKING HINTS

Never Mix Warm Cream With the Cooled Article.

If Desirable to Use Artificial Coloring It Should Be Added to Cream Before Churning—Put Up in Neat Packages.

Cool the cream from the separator as soon as possible to 55 degrees F. or lower.

Never mix warm cream with cool cream.

Mix all the cream to be churned in one vat or can at least 18 hours before churning.

Ripen at a temperature of 70 to 75 degrees F. for from six to eight hours, stirring frequently during this period.

Lever Butter Worker and Wooden Ladle.

Cool cream to churning temperature as soon as ripe.

Let the cream stand eight hours or more (overnight) at the churning temperature.

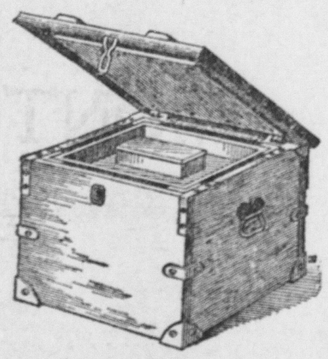
The temperature of churning should be such as to make the butter come in from 35 to 40 minutes, usually 55 to 60 degrees F.

If it is desired to use artificial coloring, it should be added to the cream just before churning.

Stop churning when the granules are about the size of peas, varying to wheat, and draw off the buttermilk.

Wash the butter once with pure water at the churning temperature, agitating three or four times, and drain.

Wash a second time with water about four degrees above churning



Butter Shipping or Delivery Box.

temperature, agitating seven or eight times, and drain.

Add the salt wet while the butter is in granular form, using about one to one and one-half ounces for each pound of butter, according to the demands of the market.

Work the butter just enough to distribute the salt evenly.

If the butter is to go on the market it should be put up in neat, attractive packages.

BEST TOP LAYER OF SILAGE

Heavy Green Stalks From Which Ears Have Been Removed Form Heavy Cover—Packs Well.

For the top layer of the silo a good practice is to use heavy green stalks from which the ears have been removed. This forms a heavy layer that packs well and at the same time contains a smaller amount of food materials so that the minimum loss is sustained if it spoils.

Various methods and materials have been used for covering the top of the silage to prevent its spoiling. None have given complete satisfaction, but the one mentioned above has given as good results as any, especially when the top layer was thoroughly wet down and packed firmly by tramping.

The best practice is to commence feeding as soon as the silo is filled, in which case there will be no loss of silage through decay.

SPRAYING PAID IN MISSOURI

On One Orchard Net Profit Was Found to Be $161.12 Per Acre—Insects Are High Livers.

Insects are high livers. On an acre of apple trees they may destroy a hundred dollars' worth of fruit. The average value of the fruit of an acre of unsprayed apple trees in the state of Missouri has been found to be $18.05. Four careful sprayings made this value jump to an average of $187.19 an acre. On one orchard in 1913 the net profit due to spraying was found to be $161.12 an acre. The average cost per tree for the first spraying was 6.6 cents, 13 cents for the second, 9.5 cents for the third, and 8 cents for the fourth—a total of 37.1 cents a tree, or an average of $22.26 an acre.—American Farming.

Way to Pack Fruit.

Fruit of every kind should be packed in boxes or baskets, stamped with the name of the grower, and if he will select a name for his product as a sort of trade-mark in addition to his own name, he will have, in time a valuable asset, provided he lives up to it in every way.

FEEDING FOR WINTER EGGS

It Is Never Advisable to Feed Heavily During Early Hours of Day—Keep the Hens Scratching.

In feeding poultry, it is never advisable to feed heavily during the early hours of the day. A hen gorged with food early in the morning, will have no incentive to exercise—will lay around the roosting quarters and take on fat. In feeding for winter eggs the appetites of the hens should never be fully satisfied until just before they go to roost at night.

During the winter months I always feed the first food of the day in deep litter, says a writer in an exchange. The scratch grain is composed of equal parts whole wheat and cracked corn. A mash food is never fed early in the morning, for the reason that it fully satisfies the appetites of the hens and they will not work diligently in the litter. The wet mash is fed at noon or shortly thereafter. The mash is composed of two parts bran, one part each of middlings, cornmeal, cut clover, beefscrap and ground oats, with the hulls sifted out. The hens are given all they will eat of this mash. If any is left after the hens are through feeding, it is removed and given to the hogs. About an hour before dark the hens are given all they will eat of whole corn and wheat and sent to bed with full crops. Grit, charcoal and oyster-shell are kept before them all the time.

KEEP LITTLE PIGS GROWING

Eastern Breeder Describes Plan of Weaning Youngsters—First Give Oats and Milk.

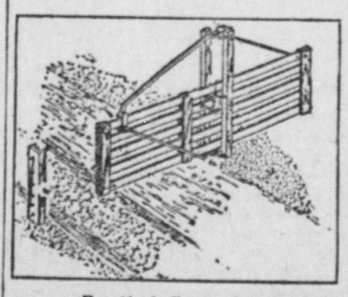
To keep pigs growing properly they should have as little set-back at weaning as possible. This is the way that an eastern breeder describes his system:

"Before my pigs are weaned I teach them to eat and they are ready and eager for their meals when they are weaned. I first give them oats and milk, putting the oats in a trough, pouring the milk over them so they cannot get too much milk at one time. If I am short on milk, I put oil meal and middlings in milk and pour it on the oats. This plan starts the pigs eating while they are still suckling their mother and it is the best feed I have used for this purpose. As they get older I feed oats separately and make slop of oil meal one quart, middlings three gallons, milk and water 20 gallons. Then put 20 pounds of dry bran in the troughs and pour on the slop and turn them in. Give them only enough so they will clean it up well as if they wanted a little more. This keeps their appetite just sharp enough. A little corn is fed also and at eight months old these pigs will make as good as you will find."

PRACTICAL GATES FOR FARM

One Recently Invented by California Man—Device Is Mounted in Space Between Two Posts.

Practical farm gates are always worth a second thought. Here is one recently patented by a California man. There is a keeper post and a pair of spaced diagonally offset posts, the gate being mounted in the space between the posts. Brackets connecting the posts are disposed at the ends and center of the lengths of the posts, a stirrup being pivoted to the central bracket between the ends of this and straddling one of the gate rails and



Practical Farm Gate.

having a roller connected at its free end, on which the gate rail rides, to support the gate against downward movement. An upper and lower bar is used as a hanger for the gate, this having a roller at the front end, which rides on the rail. The two pivotal points of hanger and the pivotal point of the stirrup are disposed in the same vertical plane.—Farming Business.

SPREADING STRAW ON FIELDS

Helps Prevent Soil Blowing and Affords Protection for Crops—Adds Needed Humus.

Where straw is present in such quantities that it cannot be worked over by live stock it can be spread directly on the fields.

It helps to prevent soil blowing and serves as a winter protection for the crop. As it gradually decays it becomes a part of the soil in the form of humus or decaying organic material.

The scattering of the old straw stacks found on the big wheat farms will pay well for the labor expended. Now that special straw spreaders have been constructed it is not such a big task to spread the straw produced.

Scientific Farming.

No farming is scientific and progressive that is not practical. The most practical farmer is the most progressive farmer, and the most progressive farmer is the most scientific.

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot, easy; No. 1 Durum, $1.24¾ f o b New York; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.21¾, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.21 c i f Buffalo.

Corn—Spot, easy; No. 2 yellow, 81¾c prompt.

Oats—No. 3 white, 45½@46½c.

Butter—Creamery, extras (92 score), 34@34½c; creamery (higher scoring), 35@35½c; first, 28½@33c; seconds, 25½@28c.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, extra fine, 40@41c; extra firsts, 37@39c; firsts, 35@36c; seconds, 32@34c. Nearby hennery, white, fine to fancy, 50@54c; nearby hennery browns, 40@44c.

Cheese—State, whole milk, flats, held, specials, 17¼c; do, average fancy, 16¼@17c; do, current make, specials, 16¾c; do, average fancy, 16@16½c.

Live Poultry—Western chickens, 13@15c; fowls, 13@15c; turkeys, 16@20c. Dressed, quiet; fresh killed chickens, 15½@27c; fowls, 12½@17c; turkeys, 14@23c.

PHILADELPHIA. — Wheat — No. 2 red, Western, spot and December, $1.19½@1.20; do do, No. 2 Southern, red, $1.14½@1.16½; steamer, No. 2 red, $1.13½@1.15½; do do, No. 3 red, $1.13@1.15½; rejected A, $1.12@1.13½; do do, rejected B, $1.11@1.13.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 79½@80½c; do do, old Western steamer, yellow, 78½@79½c; do do, old Western, No. 3 yellow, 77½@78½c; do do, new, yellow, Western, 73½@74½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 47½@48c; standard white, 46½@47½c; No. 3 white, 44½@45½c; No. 4 white, 43@43½c; sample, 39½@41½c; purified oats, graded, 45@47c.

Butter — Western, solid-packed, creamery, fancy, special, 37c; extras, 35c; extra firsts, 32@33c; firsts, 30@31c; seconds, 26@29c; ladle-packed, 21@22c; nearby prints, fancy, 38c; average, extra, 35@37c; do do, firsts, 30@32c; do do, seconds, 26@29c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 41@44c.

Eggs—Nearby extras, 39c per doz; nearby firsts, $10.80 per standard case; nearby current receipts, $10.20 per case; Western extra firsts, $10.80 per case; do do, firsts, $10.20; refrigerator eggs, fancy, $7.50@7.80 per case; do, firsts, $7.20 per case; do, seconds, $6.60@6.90 per case; fancy selected, candled eggs, jobbing at 41@43c per doz.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 12@14c, according to size and quality; old roosters, 10@11c; spring chickens, 12@14, according to quality; ducks, as to size and quality, 13@16c; geese, 14@16c; turkeys, 18@20c; pigeons, young, per pair, 18@20c; do do, old, per pair, 22@25c; guineas, young, weighing 2 lbs and over apiece, per pair, 95c@$1.00; do do, weighing, 1½ lbs apiece, per pair, 85@90c; do do, weighing 1 lb apiece, per pair, 50c; old guineas, per pair, 50@75c.

Cheese — New York, full cream, fancy, new, 17½@17¾c; specials higher; do do, fair to good, new, 16½@17c; do do, part skims, 10@14c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and December, 119⅜c; No. 2 red Western spot and December, 123⅜.

Corn—Spot, 75⅝; year, 73⅝; January, 73⅛.

Oats—Standard white, 46½@47c; No. 3 white, 44½@45; No. 4 white, 41@42, as to location.

Rye—No. 2 Western, $1.02½@1.03; No. 3 do, 98@99c; No. 4 do, 97@98; bag lots, as to quality and condition, 90@98.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $20@20.50; No. 2 do, $18@18.50; No. 3 do, $15@17; light clover mixed, $18@18.50; No. 1 do, do, $17.50@18; No. 2 do, do, $14@17; choice clover, nominal, $17@17.50; No. 1 do, do, $15@17; No. 2 do, do, $13@15; No. 3 do, do, $12@13; sample hay, as to kind, quality and condition, $12@15; no grade hay, $6@11.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $14@14.50; No. 2 do, $13@13.50; No. 1 tangled do, $11@11.50; No. 2 do, $10; No. 1 wheat, $8.50; No. 2 do, $7@7.50; No. 1 oat, $10@10.50; No. 2 do, $9@9.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 35½@36; do, choice, 33@33½; do, good, 31@32; do, prints, 35@37; do, blocks, 34@36; ladles, 22@23; Maryland and Pennsylvania, rolls, 20@22; Ohio, rolls, 19@21; West Virginia, rolls, 18@20; storepacked, 18½; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania, dairy prints, 19@20.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 34c; Western firsts, 34; West Virginia firsts, 33; Southern firsts, 32.

Dressed Poultry—Turkeys, choice, 20@21c; do, fair to good, 18@19; do, rough and poor, 14@15; chickens, choice young, 15; do, old and mixed, 14; do, old roosters, 10@11; ducks, 14@15; geese, nearby, 15@16; do, Western and Southern, 13@14.

Dressed Hogs—Choice, lightweights, 8½c; do, mediumweights, 7½@8; do, heavyweights, 6½@7.

Live Stock

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Hogs—Bulk, $6.45@6.70; heavy, $6.60@6.75; packers and butchers', $6.60@6.70; light, $6.40@6.62½; pigs, $5.25@5.75.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, $9.25@10; dressed beef steers, $7@9; Southern steers, $5@7; cows, $4@7; heifers, $6@9; stockers and feeders, $5@7.50; bulls, $4.75@6; calves, $6@9.50.

Sheep — Lambs, $8.25@8.85; yearlings, $6.75@7.50; wethers, $5.75@6.50; ewes, $5.25@6.10.

DO YOU NEED A KIDNEY REMEDY?

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble, it may be found just the remedy you need. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle healing herbal compound—a physician's prescription which has proved its great curative value in thousands of the most distressing cases according to reliable testimony.

All druggists in 50c and $1.00 sizes.

You may have a sample size bottle of this always reliable preparation by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.—Adv.

It Is.

"Time is money."

"Yep. But it's mighty tough if time is all you've got to spend."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

Just Staying.

"Where are you living now, Podgers?"

"Nowhere. Boarding at the same old place."—Browning's Magazine.

Not in This Case.

"What did your wealthy father-in-law give you for a wedding present?" asked the intimate friend.

"A clock," answered the disappointed bridegroom, who expected a check. "And yet, they say time is money."

Must Have Been Tangle.

There was a very bad first night in a New York theater. That is to say, the night was a good night as nights go in New York during the theatrical season, but the play offered was bad.

At the end of the second act the long-suffering audience was about ready to quit. A few got up to go and others followed, until the aisles became clogged.

Charles Hanson Towne arose in his place, well down front.

"Wait!" he called out in a clear, loud tone, "women and children first!"—Saturday Evening Post.

AT THE FIRST SIGNS

Of Falling Hair Get Cuticura. It Works Wonders. Trial Free.

Touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment, and follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. This at once arrests falling hair and promotes hair growth. You may rely on these supercreamy emollients for all skin troubles.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Sure Enough.

"He denies his wife nothing."

"Well, that's one way of avoiding trouble if you can afford it."

Not Gray Hairs but Tired Eyes

make us look older than we are. Keep your Eyes young and you will look young. After the Movies Murine Your Eyes. Don't tell your age. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago. Sends Eye Book on request.

The Kind.

"He was a regular furnace of wrath."

"Yes—a hot-air furnace."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Waves Are Saying.

First Wave—What has been wished on us now?

Second Wave—A joysail.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

If a man canont get on the melon side of the political fence he had better work for a living.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Hardened hands are the real trademarks of labor.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

WET feet cause colds and coughs; sometimes, deep-seated coughs, trouble in raising mucus, labored breathing, hoarse voice and rattling or wheezing in the chest.

Take DR. BULL'S Cough Syrup for this threatening state of health. It's a speedy, efficacious, reliable remedy.

A Doctor's Prescription. Price, 25c.

FREE TEST Write A. C. Meyer & Co. Mention paper Balto., Md.

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body drink or exposure in

MALARIAL REGIONS,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

WANTED—Everybody suffering from Fistula, etc., write FREE TRIAL positive, painless Pile combination. S. U. Tarney, Box 485, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1915.

Pine Grove Mills

J. B. Whitmer and Lida Corl are in the clutches of la grippe.

Mrs. W. K. Corl has been ill the past week but is now improving.

The season's greetings and good wishes to all for a Merry Christmas.

Chas. Bartholomew of Centre Hall transacted business in State College one day last week.

The Sunday-school children of the Presbyterian church will render their usual treat Christmas evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bailey motored to Bellefonte Monday on a shopping expedition.

Earl Houck of Bellefonte spent the early part of the week with friends in town.

Mrs. Mary Brungart of Zion is visiting friends in the valley before winter sets in in earnest.

Rev. W. C. Dunlap of Indiana greeted old friends in the valley, his mother sharing most of his time.

Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Bloom spent several days among relatives in and about McAlevy's Fort.

Mrs. Samuel Hess and Miss Lillian Musser departed Friday for Washington where they will spend the Yuletide season.

John B. Goheen attended the annual meeting of the Penns Valley Fire Insurance Company that met in Bellefonte, Monday.

Old Santa Claus presented Charles E. Stover with a Christmas present Monday night. It's a sweet little girl and the first born; the young parents are happy.

Christmas exercises will be held Christmas Eve in the Pine Hall Reformed church and on Christmas evening in the Lutheran church at that place.

Our old friend in arms during the unpleasantness of the early 60's, Col. Miles Gephart, is packing his trunk and expects to leave for Dixey to spend the winter at Palm Beech. The grand Colonel spent the summer at the St. Elmo and very much improved in avoirdupois. His comradeship will be missed.

On account of a blaze Kepler scholars are having a vacation. Last Thursday fire broke out in the upper story, caused by a defective flue, burning a large space in the ceiling and causing the chimney to tumble down, some of the bricks falling down upon the pupils. Nearby neighbors formed a bucket brigade and extinguished the flames, only in time to save the building.

Saturday evening when farmer J. W. Miller and wife motored home from State College where they were shopping, they discovered their home to be all ablaze on the first floor. The fire originated in an enclosed fire place where it no doubt started from a spark or the rubbish burning its way through the boards. Mr. Miller put his car to use and very quickly a small army responded and a bucket brigade was formed that in the nick of time saved a big conflagration. From the intense heat most of the furniture in the kitchen was ruined and the place looked as though one of the Kaiser's booms had been dropped there. The loss is covered by insurance in the Centre Hall company. The home is known as the old John Ross mansion, a mile east of town.

PENN HALL

James Crater spent Sunday with Christie and Charles Shook.

Ethel Musser spent Sunday with her friend, Vera Sinkabine.

Florence Bartges and Kathryn Sinkabine spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Gross Shook.

Mrs. Ephraim Shook spent a few days last week with her son, Ralph and family, near Manisonburg, helping them to butcher.

Mrs. Christie Musser and son spent last week with Mr. Musser's parents as the latter Mrs. Musser wasn't able to be around on account of rupturing a blood vessel in her head, which caused several hemorrhages.

Mrs. Hulda Sulliman, who spent several months with her sister, Mrs. Frank Musser, expects to leave this week for her home in York where she is staying with her son, and will visit her sister, Mrs. Osman, at Glen Iron.

On Sunday when the Shook family started home from Sunday school, James Shook attempted to crank the car and in back-firing the handle struck him on the right arm, cracking one of the bones. The injury is giving him considerable pain.

Bruce Zettle, the five-year-old son of Oliver Zettle, while sliding on the school ground at this place on Friday came down over the hill and ran against the school house, breaking his leg almost at the hip. Mr. Carson took the child home but found none of the parents there. Mr. Zettle reached home in the evening but didn't think the child had its leg broken. Mrs. Zettle was sent for and came home on Saturday morning. She at once saw that the leg was broken, and sent for a doctor to set the leg. The child suffered great pain and the leg was swollen beyond its natural size.

The auditor's statement of receipts and expenditures for Potter township, for the year 1915, appears in this issue.

AUDITORS' STATEMENT

Of the Receipts and the Expenditures of Potter Township, for the Year Ending December 1st, 1915.

JOHN FORTNEY, COLLECTOR OF ROAD TAX
For 1914

	DR.	
To Balance of 1914	$ 595 02	—$ 595 02
1915	CR.	
Feb. 16, Cash to S. C. Brungart	$ 155 58	
May 4, Cash to S. C. Brungart	162 70	
July 1, Cash to S. C. Brungart	41 16	
Sept. 15, Cash to S. C. Brungart	59 25	
Oct. 22, Cash to S. C. Brungart	31 63	
Nov. 16, Cash to S. C. Brungart	10 64	
Dec. 1, Cash to S. C. Brungart	66 79	
5 per ct. com. on $555 53	27 78	
Balance on tire rebate of 1914	33 22	
James Horner, lein docket 75c	79	
Exonerations	3 38	
5 per ct. com. on $2 10	10	
Dec. 6.		
By cash to S. C. Brungart	2 00	—$ 595 02

JOHN FORTNEY, COLLECTOR POOR TAX
For 1914

	DR.	
To Balance	$ 444 32	
Feb. 1,		
5 per ct. on $215 49, uncollected	10 77	—$ 455 09
1915	CR.	
Feb. 3 By cash to Wm. Farner	$ 108 69	
Feb. 3 By cash to James Moyer	108 70	
5 per ct. com. on $228 83	11 44	
Apr. 28 By cash to Wm. Farner	27 71	
July 1 By cash to Wm. Farner	33 15	
Sept. 11 By cash to Wm. Farner	1 86	
Oct. 14 By cash to Wm. Farner	15 59	
Nov. 16 By cash to Wm. Farner	14 30	
Apr. 28 By cash to James Moyer	27 71	
Sept 11 By cash to James Moyer	1 86	
Oct 22 By cash to James Moyer	15 58	
Nov 2 By cash to James Moyer	14 31	
July 1 By cash to James Moyer	33 16	
Exonerations	1 98	
5 per ct. com. on $194 98	9 75	
5 per ct. com. on $29 30	1 47	
Dec. 6 By cash to Wm. Farner	13 91	
Dec. 6 By cash to James Moyer	13 92	—$ 455 09

JOHN FORTNEY, COLLECTOR ROAD TAX
For 1915

	DR.	
1915		
Dec 6 To amount of duplicate	$4318 85	
5 per ct. on $771 64, uncollected	38 58	—$4357 43
1915	CR.	
May 20		
By cash to S. C. Brungart	$ 860 24	
May 29		
By cash to S. C. Brungart	1011 90	
June 3		
By cash to S. C. Brungart	865 71	
2 per ct. com. on $2793 92	55 87	
5 per ct. abatement on $2940 76	147 04	
Sept. 15		
By cash to S. C. Brungart	91 29	
Oct. 22		
By cash to S. C. Brungart	313 71	
5 per ct. com. on $426 32	21 32	
Rebate on water troughs	32 50	
Printing cards and postage	8 47	
Exonerations and error in duplicate	17 71	
Dec 1 By cash to S. C. Brungart	84 47	
5 per ct. com. on $88 91	4 44	
Balance	842 76	—$4357 43

JOHN FORTNEY, COLLECTOR POOR TAX
For 1915

	DR.	
1915		
To amount of duplicate	$2145 00	—$2145 00
1915	CR.	
Sept 11 By cash to W. C. Farner	45 72	
Sept 24 By cash to W. C. Farner	170 79	
Oct 14 By cash to W. C. Farner	271 53	
Nov 16 By cash to W. C. Farner	253 07	
Sept 11 By cash to James Moyer	45 72	
Sept 29 By cash to James Moyer	170 80	
Oct. 1 By cash to James Moyer	300 00	
Nov 2 By cash to James Moyer	224 59	
2 per ct. com. on $1512 47	30 25	
5 per ct. abatement on $1592 07	79 60	
Exonerations	4 18	
Printing and postage	1 66	
Balance	547 09	—$2145 00

WM. C. FARNER, OVERSEER OF POOR.

	DR.	
Dec. 8, 1914		
Balance	$1218 93	
By cash received of J. B. Fortney	956 32	—$2175 25
	CR.	
BY SUPPORT OF—		
Eliza Jordon	162 62	
George Shepherd	136 31	
Harvey Royer	131 99	
Sallie Lingle	158 50	
John Weaver	75 00	
Lucy Jordan	2 32	
W. R. Neff making duplicate	5 00	
Services	47 50	
Balance	1456 01	—$2175 22

J. M. MOYER, OVERSEER OF POOR
For 1915

	DR.	
Feb. 16 By cash of Geo. Erhart	96 21	
Feb 16 By cash of John Fortney	956 35	—$1052 56
Dec. 6, 1915	CR.	
To balance on last settlement	$ 166 79	
BY SUPPORT OF—		
Annie Close	19 00	
John Auman	143 40	
Robert Fryer	36 00	
Robert Fryer, funeral expenses	27 00	
Support of S. C. Crotzer	16 00	
Attorney fee	10 00	
BY SUPPORT OF—		
John Treaster	91 00	
George Treaster	90 00	
Lola Stover	42 00	
Mary Decker	107 38	
Mary Decker, taxes	5 36	
Blair Taylor	17 00	
Blair Taylor, funeral expenses	34 00	
Support of John Campbell	101 33	
Cash to Geo. Erhart (for audit expenses)	6 00	
Cash to Rev. A. Beirly for preaching funeral services	3 00	
Services	47 50	
Balance	89 80	—$1052 56

S. C. BRUNGART, TREASURER OF BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

	DR.	
Balance	429 09	
Back taxes in full of J. F. Treaster	444 39	
1915. Jan. 2 By cash of James B. Reish for culvert pipes	15 40	
Jan. 2 Error in account of W. A. Jordan, account of 1914	1 21	
Feb. 17 By cash of J. B. Fortney, road tax of 1914	155 58	
April 30 By cash of liquor license	114 00	
May 3 By cash of J. C. Kuhn, for crusher hire	6 25	
May 4 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1914 tax	162 70	
May 28 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	860 24	
May 29 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	1011 90	
June 4 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	865 71	
June 15 By cash of J. C. Kuhn, crusher hire	6 50	
July 6 By cash of W. A. Jordan, crusher hire	4 75	
July 6 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	41 16	
Aug. 7 By cash of J. C. Kuhn, crusher hire	6 00	
Aug. 7 By cash of J. C. Kuhn, crusher hire	5 00	
Aug. 10 By cash of forestry warrant	151 96	
Sept. 4 By cash of J. C. Kuhn, crusher hire	11 75	
Sept. 17 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1914 tax	59 25	
Sept. 17 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	91 29	
Oct. 2 By check state cash bonus	926 44	
Oct. 2 By loan of Penns Valley Banking Co	861 56	
Oct. 22 By cash of J. B. Fortney 1914 tax	31 63	
Oct 22 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	313 71	
Nov. 6 By cash of Frank Bogdan	3 91	
Nov. 20 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1914 tax	10 64	
Nov. 20 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	45 50	
Nov. 30 By cash of Centre Hall borough for crusher hire	22 50	
Nov. 30 By cash of W. A. Jordon, for crusher hire	3 32	
Dec. 1 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1914 tax	66 79	
Dec 1 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1915 tax	38 97	
Dec. 6 By cash of J. B. Fortney, 1914 tax	2 00	—$6771 10
	CR.	
By sundry orders	$6057 99	
Balance	713 11	—$6771 10

(Continued at foot of next column.)

DIXON'S HEALTH TALKS.

Commissioner Sees Many Resolutions for New Years Being Formed That Will Result in Self Improvement.

The season for good resolutions is approaching. Within a fortnight thousands of men and women will have resolved to begin the new year with a definite purpose of lopping of some bad habit or commencing some effort at self improvement.

Human happiness so largely depends upon health that many of these resolutions will center upon conditions relating to personal welfare. It is not so difficult in this age of self education to analyze our habits and discover where our weaknesses lie. Neither is it beyond the majority of us to plan a sensible course which if adhered to would bring about improvement. The task lies in adhering to the plans that we have made.

Perhaps the most common plea which we make to excuse failure to carry out our good intentions is the want of time. "I haven't time" has grown to be one of the commonest of phrases. There is no question about it this is a rapid age we live in. The possibilities for accomplishment are great; what we lack is time.

The man of business knows he needs more physical exercise and appreciates the fact that he feels the better for it but denies himself because he hasn't time. We lack time to eat properly, to think properly, to rest properly. Twenty-four hours seems too short a day for many of us and what is the result?

Continually pleading the lack of time we rush from one thing to another and in the end the aggregate of accomplishment is little enough to boast of.

Our clocks seem to be ticking at the rate of one hundred and twenty seconds to the minute but still the hour hand crawls at the same old pace. Unquestionably the majority of us would be happier and healthier if we cultivated repose. Tranquility is becoming a lost art and as a result disturbing nervous complaints are far more frequent than formerly.

The cultivation of composure need not mean a reduction in our ability to achieve results. It is almost certain to insure us time through application for many things which will make life better worth the living.

Bone Leg Inserted in Spine.

The best Christmas present Kenneth Geist, aged 4, of Altoona, will receive this year will be his discharge from the hospital. He was admitted Christmas Day, 1913, suffering from tuberculosis of the spine, and has been there ever since. He could neither talk nor walk. He can do both now, thanks to the doctors and nurses.

The hospital surgeons took a piece of bone from his right leg and inserted it in the place where they removed the diseased vertebrae from the spine. The operation was successful, and Kenneth can run and play like other boys. A great home-coming is being planned for him.

No paper next week.

(Continued from previous column.)

FRANK BOGDAN, SUPERVISOR

1915, Dec. 7,		
Wages of Frank Bogdan	$ 233 22	
Removing snow and other obstructions	20 94	
Justice fees	25	
Attorney fees	10 00	
Interest	38 15	
Postage and supplies	3 02	
Error of James McCool's account of 1913	25 01	
Freight	66	
Making duplicate and book	6 35	
Attending Supervisors convention	2 84	
Repair or maintenance of earth roads	603 10	
Permanent improvement of roads	270 50	
Repair of tools or machinery	43 86	—$1258 70

W. A. JORDON, SUPERVISOR

Dec. 7, 1915		
Repair or maintenance of earth roads	604 87	
Permanent improvement of roads	281 70	
New culvert, sluices and bridges	95 01	
Repair of tools and machinery	8 70	
Wages of W. A. Jordon	215 99	
Removing snow and other obstructions	15 47	
Lumber	11 00	
Freight	25	
Attending Supervisor's convention	3 02	
Dynamite	9 30	—$1245 31

JOHN KUHN, SUPERVISOR

Dec. 7, 1915		
Wages of John Kuhn	$ 275 63	
Removing snow and other obstructions	98 95	
Room rent	6 00	
Repair or maintenance of earth roads	922 44	
Permanant improvement of roads	355 36	
Culverts sluices and bridges	4 40	
Repaig of tools	6 85	
Freight	1 44	
Sundries	56	
Attending Supervisor's convention	2 76	—$1674 39

GEO. W. ERHART, TREAS. OF AUDIT.

Dec. 8, 1914	DR.	
Balance	$ 2 08	
By cash of J. M. Moyer	6 00	
Balance	67	—$ 8 75
	CR.	
Centre Reporter, for printing and publishing statements	$ 8 75	—$ 8 75

JAMES B. SPANGLER, TREAS. OF AUDIT.

Dec. 7, 1915	DR.	
By cash from board of supervisors	$ 25 00	—$ 25 00
1915	CR.	
Dec. 6 Audit fee	$ 6 00	
Dec. 7 Audit fee	6 00	
Dec. 7 Room rent	2 00	
Stationery	10	
Cash paid J. E. Rishel to balance account of 1914	67	
Balance	10 23	—$ 25 00

We, the undersigned auditors of Potter township, have examined the above accounts, and certify to the correctness of the same.

JOHN E. RISHEL,
JAMES B. SPANGLER,
JOHN H. RISHEL,
Auditors.

50.02
December 1, 1915.

A List For **Christmas Shoppers**

THE OLDEST AND LARGEST STORE IN Bellefonte devoted exclusively to things that men and boys wear and use, is splendidly equipped for Christmas Shopping.

WARDROBE TRUNKS	SUITS
NECKWEAR	FUR CAPS
HOUSE COATS	UMBRELLAS
GOWNS	EVENING DRESS
BATHROBES	And MOTOR SCARFS
HANDKERCHIEFS	SHIRTS
SWEATERS	EVENING DRESS
GOLF JACKETS	And TUXEDO SUITS
FUR AND FUR-LINED	TRAVELING BAGS
OVERCOATS	And CASES
MACKINAWS	SILK HATS
WALKING STICKS	LADIES' HOSE
GLOVES	LADIES' GLOVES

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EMERY'S STORE

CHRISTMAS HEADQUARTERS

Here you will find the best assortment of--

Toys, Dolls, Chinaware and Toilet Articles

Candy, Oysters, Oranges, Fresh Groceries, Nuts, etc.

Over 1000 pounds of Candy

priced from 10 to 50 cts. a pound. With special prices to Schools and Children

Give me a call EARLY and avoid the rush. You will find my prices the lowest for first-class goods.

C. F. EMERY, Centre Hall